



THE CHINOOK ADVANCE

Vol. 17

Chinook, Alberta, Thursday, Aug. 25, 1932

No. 18

Alberta Pool Elevators Announcement !

Alberta Pool Elevators will be operated during the current crop year in the same manner as in the crop year just passed; that is to say these elevators are free to receive delivery of grain from any person.

Alberta Wheat Pool members are given the option of disposing of their grain under any of the methods provided by the Canada Grain Act and obtaining the full current market price for same; or disposing of their wheat on pool basis, accepting the prevailing initial payment and participating in any future payments that may accrue from the pooling thereof.

Definite assurance is given that no deductions for Elevator Reserve or Commercial Reserve, or for the repayment of the 1929 overpayment, will be taken from the proceeds of any grain delivered for pooling or for immediate sale during 1932-33 crop year.

It should be clearly understood by Pool members that the statement recently sent out covering the member's position on the 1929 overpayment are merely for the information of the individual member. These statements are not a demand for the replacement of the 1929 overpayment in any respect.

Deliver your grain to Alberta
Pool Elevators this fall.

ALBERTA WHEAT POOL
Head Office: Lougheed Building
Calgary, Alberta

We can supply you

with the most appetizing of Cooked Meat.
Ham, Bologna, Veal Loaf, Corned Beef,
all ready for the table.

We also have the best in Fresh Beef, Pork, etc.,
Special this week—Pure lard 7 cents per lb.

CHINOOK MEAT MARKET

See us for Harvesting :- Supplies :-

FORKS BOLTS GREASE OILS
DISTILLATE GASOLINE COAL OIL

Banner Hardware

Advertising Pays !

Let the public know what you have
for sale, rent or trade through
the medium of the

Chinook Advance

Dance Every Saturday Nite

CHINOOK HOTEL BALLROOM

Free groceries to holder of lucky number.

Board and Room - \$30 month

Home cooking and real home comforts

Chinook Hotel

Houses For Rent

Collingwood

Possession can be given
August 15. Inquire Imperial
Building Supplies, Ltd.

Five roomed house, im-
mediate possession. Apply Ad-
vance office.

Possession can be gi-
ven Sept. 1. Garage and large
garden lot. Inquire Madeline,
Otto, Chinook.

Miss Esther Witt, of Youngs-
town, visited for a few days at
the Duncan home last week.

A Kruger, who was in this
district five years ago, and his
brother, Joe, both of Vancouver,
arrived at Chinook Friday
morning and will help A
Spreeman during harvest.

Acadia Constituency Convention of Women's Institute Well Attended

Chinook Has The Largest Number of Members.
Mrs. J. W. Lawrence Gave the Address of
Welcome. Convention to be Held at
Little Gem Next Year

THE Annual Acadia Constitu-
ency Conference was held
Wednesday, August 10, in the
Chinook consolidated school hall.
Mrs. (Dr.) Cereal, constituency
convenor, presided at the meeting
in a very pleasing and effective
manner. Seated with her was
Mrs. Ferguson, Trochu, district
director. Representatives from
the different branches were pre-
sent with the exception of Little
Gem. The program was opened
by the singing of "O, Canada."
The address of welcome was given
by Mrs. J. W. Lawrence, the
reply being responded to by Mrs.
Clapperton, Youngstown.

The first item of business was
the reading of minutes of last an-
nual convention, which were
adopted as read by the secretary,
Mrs. W. Tair, Cereal. The business
of the meeting was interspersed
with the following program:
Reading by Mrs. Brown, Youngs-
town; report from Youngstown
A.I. by Mrs. Aggett, Youngstown;
Chinook, Mrs. N. F. Marcy; Cere-
al, Mrs. H. McLean; Little Gem,
Mrs. (Dr.) Esler; piano solo,
Mrs. J. W. Shier; reading, Isabel
Fait. Report by Mrs. Lawrence
on "Child Welfare" and
"Better Schools"; Mrs. Hughes,
Youngstown, "Legislation"; Mrs.
Steele, Youngstown; "Agriculture";
piano solo, Miss M. Waterhouse;
Cereal; "Household Economics";
Mrs. Hille, Cereal; "Canadianiza-
tion" and "League of Nations";
Mrs. Lowney, Cereal, solo, Peggy
Lawrence.

Mr. Cook, of the department of
public health, gave a very interest-
ing and beneficial talk. He com-
plimented Chinook school board on
giving hot lunches to the children
who drive to school.

Election of officers: Constitu-
ency convenor, Mrs. J. W. Law-
rence; Education and Better
Schools, Mrs. J. W. Shier;
Household Economics, Mrs. N. F.
Marcy; Program, Mrs. Hughes,
Youngstown; Child Welfare, Mrs.
McCullough, Youngstown; Cana-
dian Industry, Mrs. H. McLean,
Cereal; Agriculture, Mrs. Hille,
Cereal, when the program
was resumed as follows: piano
solo, Mrs. Turple; address, Mrs.
Ferguson, Trochu; solo, Mrs. W.
Isbister; piano solo, Miss
Waterhouse, Cereal.

The following is the address
delivered by Mrs. J. W. Ferguson:
"Before beginning my address I de-
sire to congratulate you, Madam
Convenor, on the very excellent re-
ports that have been given today.
They show that your Institutes are all
"up and doing," even in the face of
obstacles. The work your Institute
women have accomplished during the
past year is wonderful and goes to
prove that "in unity there is strength"
and the strength of our great organi-
zation lies in what you put into your
individual branch.

I am pleased that you are devot-
ing part of your time to social activi-
ties. I have noticed that in some places
that the Institute seemed sort of
of a school. At each meeting some
topic was discussed and plans made
for the next discussion. That is all
right, but along with that we want
some diversion. Have plenty of so-
cial features, provide libraries where
you can, keep a judicious balance in

preparing your programs and do not
overload yourselves with responsi-
bilities—make your meetings interest-
ing.

Money raising has the smallest
place in our organization. We so often
contribute money for work which
is not our own. You know I am not
sure that it is a good plan. I believe
we should take care of our obligations
and responsibilities and let others
take care of theirs. For instance, I
heard of one Institute supplying a
\$15 dictionary and some maps to a
school. Now that is the duty of the
school board, and I don't think the
Institute should wear itself out earn-
ing money to pay the school board's
debts. But, ladies, above all things
make your programs full of interest
and alive. Particularly in these days
do we need diversion, and that very
need of our women is the Institutes' opportunity to prove its worth.

Again let me congratulate you Ma-
dam Convenor, on the splendid way in
which your Institutes have risen to
answer this cry for something to take
us out of our troubles.

As we do not hold a provincial con-
vention this year, and no report of
our activities since last convention
has been made to you, I thought per-
haps you would like me to give you a
review of what has been done.

In district No. 3 there are 14
constituencies in which there are a
total of 98 Institutes with a mem-
bership of 1832 reported. During
the last year five new Insti-
tutes were organized and four
have disbanded.

For the second year this dis-
trict offered two scholarships for
general progress in practical work
at the Olds school of agriculture.
This year these scholarships were
won by Miss Ruth McFall, of
Etikom, and Mr. Robert E. Kaiser,
of Red Deer.

The Institutes have been very
neighborly and have helped each
other in various ways. It just so
happened that the western part of
the district was not so hard hit by
weather conditions as the eastern
part. I cannot too strongly em-
phasize the splendid response
made by the Institutes in the
more favored area on behalf of the
needs of those in drought areas.
Red Deer constituency sent a car
load of vegetables to the Hand
Hills constituency, Alliance In-
stitute sent two carloads of vege-
tables to the Youngstown district,
Blackfalds' Institutes contributed
\$10 towards a community car of
potatoes sent to the eastern part
of the province. Then this spring
I sent an appeal for garden seeds
to be sent. The response was
beyond my fondest hope. Money
and seeds came pouring in until
my office looked like a seed dis-
tributing house. These parcels
of seeds were sent to Institutes in
Acadia east and Acadia west con-
stituencies.

In spite of all this extra drain
on their resources most of our In-
stitutes kept up their usual line
of work including the maintaining
of wards in hospitals and rest
rooms, cemetery work, finishing
community halls and visiting the
sick. But perhaps the best of all
that we have accomplished during
the year has been the readjust-
ment of our plan of living along
the lines demanded by the economic
state of the world in general.

I heard one woman say "It is
just too bad that the depression

"An Economy Year is a Year for Goodyear Tires"

GOOD YEAR

TIRES

\$5.80

[Sizes 29 x 4.40-21]

Yes, it's perfectly true! That
price is not a printer's error. You
used to pay more than double
that for tires not nearly so good.
These have the famous Pathfinder
tread. Other sizes proportion-
ately low. All genuine Goodyear
tires and all fully guaranteed.

Cooley Bros.
Chinook Phone 10



struck us in these hard times.
Of course we all deplore the de-
pression and we rebel at having
to do without so many things we
had begun to look upon as ne-
cessities. But it is wonderful how
we are getting along. Many of
us used to think that if we wore a
garment today it was all that
could be expected of us. Some
thought a new car was ne-
cessary every year or so; some,
must be a change of radio, others
were not content unless they had
a long holiday trip and so on.

But most of us have had to
put away all such thoughts during
the last three years. But are
any the less happy and content?
Are our homes any less joyous
places in which to live? I do
not think so. If the spirit of the
home is right these external
things do not seem to alter our
outlook on life very much. They
may add a bit to our outward
pleasure but do they change "us?"

I remember reading the reply of
King George to an address made
to him in which he said, "The
foundations of a nation's great-
ness are laid in the homes of the
people and these will only re-
main stable so long as the homes
are simple, pure and united."

The foundations of Alberta's
greatness are laid in the homes
of its people, and so long as these
homes are simple in life and
spirit, pure and good and unself-
ish in dominating ideas, then will
the fabric of Alberta's life be
sound.

After all, it is upon us, the wo-
men of Alberta, as keepers of the
soul of the nation, that the real
health of Canada, of Alberta, de-

pends. We set ultimately the
moral standards more than any-
body else in the world and I can-
not conceive of a greater destiny
committed to any group of hu-
man beings than the destiny of
keeping alive the soul of a nation
and setting the moral and spiri-
tual and largely the intellectual
standards of a nation.

So I conclude that we remem-
ber the real notes of a nation's
health, and that through our or-
ganization we set ourselves to see
that every element that goes into
the making of the nation is there
and in full measure. In so doing
shall we live up to our motto:
"For Home and Country" and
build up a Canada worthy of the
sacrifice by which it has been
maintained."

Chinook Barber Shop

Razors rehoned - 25c
Scissors sharpened on rotex shar-
peners. 25c
Try Booster, our guaranteed
dandruff remedy

H. W. BUTTS,
Proprietor

Chinook Beauty Parlor

First-Class Work at
Reasonable Prices
Open for business at all times
except Mondays

Miss Nae Petersen, Prop.
Phone 5, CHINOOK

Farewell Dance

to MR. AND MRS. L. S. DAWSON

Wednesday, Aug. 24, Chinook Hotel
CHINOOK, ALBERTA

The big gun goes off at 7 p.m. by the Golden
Wheat Orchestra

"For he's a jolly good fellow which nobody can deny"
Admission, only 50 cents Tax included - Ladies, free

Fragrance Sealed In Metal

"SALADA" TEA

"Fresh from the Gardens"

Mutual Trust Must Be Re-established

One of the most interesting and thought provoking articles it has been our privilege to read for some time, and in these days of depression and pessimism it is as refreshing as a heavy shower on parched land, appeared in a recent issue of Toronto Saturday Night from the pen of Nicholas Ignatieff, a gifted young Russian engineer and thinker now resident in Canada. Mr. Ignatieff knows his native land and has written thoughtfully and sympathetically of it, but in the article to which we now refer he writes of "the British Empire as a new Canadian sees it."

As he sees it the British Empire is not menaced so much by external enemies, by Bolshevism or Communism, as by crass materialism within the Empire itself who insist on dealing exclusively with material, economic values,—those individuals who have abandoned the best traditions of the Anglo-Saxon race and have plunged into the abyss of crude money-worshiping, greedy, corrupt politics which care nothing for duty and public service. The real enemies of the Empire are those who have cut themselves away from the vital sap of the historical, spiritual life of the mother country.

Mr. Ignatieff declares that it is not only his conviction, but the conviction of one of the foremost economists of the British Empire, Sir George Paish, that the way to general recovery does not lie so much in the field of economics as it does in the moral, spiritual sphere, which affects primarily our politics, and reflects adversely on economics. Sir George Paish points out that as long as politics are dominated by fear, suspicion, distrust and narrow self-sufficient nationalism, no economic remedy can solve the depression; and just as soon as our mental attitude is changed and gives place to a desire to co-operate, compromise and trust one another, the economic situation will solve itself.

In his book, "The Way to Recovery," Sir George declares: "By replacing fear with confidence, injustice with justice, and antagonism with co-operation, a new and infinitely greater era would be introduced." Continuing, Mr. Ignatieff says that when he pointed out that one of the root causes of depression is the collapse of our present credit system, it is never realized by the crude materialist that here we are dealing practically exclusively with moral values. In the first place, credit being based on the future, it is obviously non-material; it is primarily based on trust. The general break-down of credit implies nothing more than the collapse of morals, the break-down of mutual trust. Internationally, countries are no longer trustworthy because they do not honour obligations, because they are suspicious and fear, selfish and greedy. Within nations, the same applies among individuals—there is general misuse of credit—credit is employed largely for anti-social purposes by greedy, unscrupulous, immoral individuals. The solution of the paradox of scarcity in the midst of plenty is spiritual, not material. A little thought will convince one of the truth of these observations, yet they are dubbed "platitudes" by so many worldly wise people.

Until fear is dispelled, suspicion allayed, confidence restored, there can be no real and lasting economic recovery, because, until these better conditions prevail, credit cannot be re-established. Credit is founded upon these things; trust is the one permanent foundation upon which a credit structure can be erected, and until credit is restored the world will remain economically sick. So long as fear and suspicion rule men and nations, so long as narrow nationalism, because of such fear and suspicion resulting in the guiding policy of the nations, so long will trade obstructions be maintained, so long will there be an absence of credit. And just so long will the peoples of the world suffer economic hardship and loss. Therefore, it can be repeated, what the world stands in need of today is a spiritual readjustment rather than economic reorganization. Given the first, the second will automatically and quickly follow. But without the one the other is impossible.

Poor Crop Prospects In Russia

Believe Country Will Need All Its Grain For Food

Poor crop prospects in Russia are indicated in the report by districts which the Dominion Bureau of Statistics received by cable from its London correspondent. "Grain exports," the summary declares, "are dependent upon the policy of the Soviet Government and the urgency of the need of foreign currency. The country needs all its grains for food, especially in view of the continued acute shortage of other foodstuffs."

Since it was the flood of Russian wheat on the market last autumn that broke the prices, the Russian crop prospects are of particular interest to Canada. Last year Russia exported, to July 31, 71,000,000 bushels, but the present report indicates that it will reach nothing like those proportions this year.

The summer states: "Vegetables are lacking for the winter months and at present vegetables constitute a large part of the diet as grain reserves, excepting army supplies from 1930 crop, are consumed. The foregoing and other factors, including a tremendous discrepancy between open market and collective prices, the freedom of peasants to sell on the market after December, and an acute shortage of manufactured goods to trade for grain, indicate unprecedented difficulties in collecting the government's share of the harvest. Much poorer crops than last year are indicated in the areas around export outlets."

Pension Act Investigation

Criticism Is Offered In Connection With Operation Of Plan

Dissatisfaction with the personnel of the committee which will investigate the operation of the Pension Act, and disappointment that the organization of which he is chairman is not represented on that committee was expressed at Ottawa by W. J. Young, of the non-partisan veterans' group. Representatives of the blinded soldiers and sailors and of the amputation cases Mr. Young characterized as "privileged legions." Their disabilities were obvious and consequently no dispute arose as to the manner in which pension payments were disbursed to them.

Other conditions, however, developed in connection with those ex-service men whose disabilities were not obvious, he declared, and these were not all represented by the various associations which had been accorded membership on the committee.

"Most of those named in the committee personnel," said Mr. Young, "are connected with veterans drawing the average of 100 per cent pension, and are men with obvious disabilities" receiving the maximum.

He charged that the public sympathy which such cases excite was the cause of their appointment. Mr. Young claims to represent over 100,000 ex-service men, from coast to coast.

In Times Of Peace

German Learning Protection Methods Against Gas Attack From Air

Classes have been established in Berlin to train women in the steps they must take for the protection of their household in the event of a gas attack from the air. Lectures are given on such subjects as how to make cellars gas proof. Branches of the "Women's Air Defence League" are being established in several centres throughout the country.

No More Asthma. Dr. J. D. Kellogg's Asthma Remedy sounds the death knell of the asthma. It stops the awful choking and painful breathing. It guards against night attacks and gives renewed ability to sleep and rest the whole night long. Much is claimed for this remedy, but nothing but what can be demonstrated by a trial. If you suffer from asthma try it and convince yourself of its great value.

Learned A Lesson

A U.S. tourist made loud complaint in Aylmer, Ontario, recently. It seems he had replenished his gas supply at a station in another town, lending a \$10 U.S. bill in payment, and received his change in good Canadian money. On arrival at Aylmer he endeavored to change the Canadian money back into U.S. funds, and was most indignant when the bank demanded a discount. He learned a lesson in exchange which has been taught many a Canadian visitor to the U.S.

Cheques Made Of Steel

Steel-jacketed bullets were necessary to cancel three cheques for amounts totalling \$125,000 which were received by the Cleveland Trust Company. Given as prizes for the best discussions on the uses of arc welding, the cheques were made of one-eighth inch steel and all writing was done by arc welding.

FAT GIRLS OUT OF FASHION

Women of All Nations Slimming

All over the world Kruschen Salts are appealing to girls and women who are striving for an attractive figure. Here is the method they are following to banish fat and bring into blossom all the natural attractivenesses that they possess: every morning they take a half-teaspoon of Kruschen Salts in a glass of warm water before breakfast.

They do this every morning—without missing one—for "it's the daily dose that takes off the fat." When Kruschen is taken daily, every particle of poisonous waste matter and harmful acids and gases are expelled from the system.

At the same time the stomach, liver, kidneys, and bowels are toned up and the pure, fresh blood containing life-giving salts is carried to every organ, gland, nerve, and fibre of the body, and this is followed by that "lively feeling" of energetic health and activity that is reflected in bright eyes, clear skin, cheerful vivacity, and a charming figure.

Improving Our Nature

Soil Heated By Electricity Can Be Kept At Even Temperature

Soil heating by electric current has come to be recognized as an aid to the grower to get their produce to market earlier and secure better prices. Equipment for heating beds, including cable and thermostats, was sold to farmers in the United States last year for the first time and several plants were set up in Canada. The bulk of the power is used between sundown and sunrise, making it practically an off-peak load.

The advantage of electric heating over steam or manure is seen in the more complete control. Flowers, such as Easter lilies, can be started in the open earlier and a greater percentage of growth is noted in cuttings of plants. Celery apart to respond particularly well to the electrical current.

Serum For Addison's Disease Is Expensive

Fifteen Oxen Are Required To Supply One Dose

Fifteen oxen are required for a newly discovered treatment for Addison's disease. Successful results of the treatment have been obtained at a London hospital.

Fortunately the disease which attacks the pituitary gland and stops growth is rare, for the expense of extracting one dose of serum from fifteen oxen is enormous. The life of one patient was saved with this new treatment, but \$125 was spent on him to do it, and the treatment continued to cost \$5 a day.

Persian Balm is unrivalled for promoting feminine loveliness. Tones and rejuvenates the skin. Makes it exquisitely soft-textured. Makes hands flawlessly white. Especially recommended to soothe and relieve roughness or chafing caused by weather conditions. Indispensable to every dainty woman. Cool and refreshing. Delicately fragrant. Magical in results. Never leaves a vestige of stickiness. Persian Balm is the one toilet preparation for the woman who cares for charm and elegance.

Many Placed In Employment

Saskatchewan Government Finds Jobs For 2,511 Persons In Five Weeks

Jobs for 2,511 persons were found by government employment offices in Saskatchewan during the five weeks ending July 30, official figures indicate. The number of persons applying for work at the nine employment offices in the province during the period were 2,926, and the number of employers' orders received were 2,637.

In addition to these figures there were 187 applications received from school teachers and 92 of these were located with positions.

Not So Weak

Sir William Arbuthnot Lane says that women will always live longer than men because "nature has provided them with an enormous reserve of energy and vitality," and also for the reason that their lighter clothing enables both "sunshine and air to get to their skins." This "weaker sex" talk is manifestly an entire misapprehension.

PERSONAL

SCOTCH LADY AT PRESENT IN S Canada, would like to take in charge one or more young ladies, has experience in travel abroad, and with Canadian girls. Could act as companion to lady, in any part of Canada, or as travel companion. Has excellent testimonials from her Canadian and British. Would willingly give more information to interested party.—Apply Box 50, Winnipeg Newspaper Union, 175 McDermott Ave., East, Winnipeg, Man.

Northern Air Mail Service

Extends From Great Bear Lake To Lonely Arctic Points

Extension of mail service by means of private flying facilities to meet needs of those in the Coronation Gulf and other parts of the Arctic, was announced by Major R. W. Hale, superintendent of the Edmonton postal district.

Instead of those living along the Arctic coast having to wait for indefinite periods, even two years at times, before receiving mail by boat from Akilvik, they will now receive mail at much shorter intervals. Arrangements have been made for the mail to be sent to Coronation Gulf, Victoria Island, and other non-post office points by a route that extends from Great Bear Lake, instead of the round-about way through Aklavik.

When aeroplanes leave Great Bear Lake for the 150-mile flight to Coppermine post on the Arctic Coast or other distant posts in that region, they will carry mail that has been routed to the mining region for northern delivery.

The points which will be served in this way include the following: Bay 66, Cameron Bay, Lindsay Bay, Glacier Bay, Echo Bay, Labine Point, Contact Lake, Hunter Bay, Donkey Bay, Coppermine, Fort Hope, Dismal Lake, Borrita Lake, Cambridge Bay, Bathurst, Reid Island, King William Land, Bernard Harbor, Wilmet Island, Walker Bay, Peterson Bay and Tree River.

In all likelihood, it will not be long before a post office is established at the mouth of the Coppermine River.

Recipes For This Week

(By Betty Barclay)

RIPE PLUM JAM—RIPE PRUNE JAM

4 cups (2 lbs.) crushed fruit.
1 cup water.
7½ cups (3¼ lbs.) sugar.
½ bottle fruit pectin.
To prepare jam, pit about 2½ pounds fully ripe fruit. Do not peel. Cut into small pieces and crush thoroughly.

Measure fruit solidly packed, and water into a large kettle. (For Ripe Plum Jam, add juice of 1 lemon.) Stir the fruit in the water, cover, and simmer 15 minutes. Add sugar, mix well, and bring to a full rolling boil over hottest fire. Stir constantly before and while boiling. Boil hard 1 minute. Remove from fire and stir in pectin. Skim, pour quickly. Paraffin hot jam at once. Makes about 11 glasses (6 fluid ounces each).

APPLE MOCK MACARON PUDDING

3 cups apple sauce, fresh or canned.
1 cup rice flakes, crushed.
¼ cup nuts, finely chopped.
2 tablespoons butter, melted.
¼ teaspoon almond extract.
Put half the apple sauce in a buttered baking dish. Combine rice flakes, crumbs, nuts, butter and almond extract and cover apple sauce with half the prepared crumb mixture. Repeat layers. Bake 30 minutes in a moderately hot oven (375 degrees Fahrenheit). Serve hot or cold with cream or soft custard. Serves 6.

Infantile Paralysis

Belief Expressed That House Flies Carry Germs

Possibility that there is some significance in the fact that cases of infantile paralysis occur most frequently during the "house fly season" is suggested by Dr. W. J. Bell, Deputy Minister of Health for Ontario. "It is pure theory," Dr. Bell said. "There is no scientific explanation for the fact that infantile paralysis occurs generally during the summer months, but the coincidence that germ-bearing house flies are most prevalent at that time may be significant."

Keep Douglas's Egyptian Liniment always in the stable, ready for immediate use. Removes proud flesh and inflammation. Thrush or Hoof Rot, and infection of cow's teat.

Walks Across Canada

Setting out about from New Westminster, B.C., on April 14, Frank G. Potter, a former Nova Scotian who has lived the last 20 years in the west, arrived at Halifax recently en route to his old home in the Annapolis Valley. He had last visited his home in 1919. Mr. Potter walked most of the distance from the Pacific Coast, but received a motor lift at intervals.

The oldest cemetery in Canada is thought to be the one adjoining old Fort Anne, Annapolis Royal, Nova Scotia.

In ancient Babylonia, medicines were frequently mixed in beer

Stops Summer Odors

The heavy smell which warm weather brings to many people is largely prevented by regular bathing with a free lather of Baby's Own Soap. The delicate aroma dispels all unpleasant odors, the skin feels refreshed, cool and sweet. Baby's Owns sells at 10c. a cake at dealers everywhere.

"Best for you and Baby too."

ZIG-ZAG
CIGARETTE PAPERS
LARGE DOUBLE BOOK
120 LEAVES
FOLDING EASY
AVOID IMITATIONS

5¢

A Warmer Climate

Scientists Predict Radical Weather Changes In The Future

Some times you hear people who lament the present condition of mundane affairs express the wish that they might be living on this planet a few thousand years hence. They are sure the world will then be a more agreeable place, with more advanced mechanics and a happier state of things all around.

But, according to the recent pronouncements of scientists, there will be great drawbacks to the enjoyment of an Edenic existence in those future days, and one of these will be a devastating flood. Dr. W. J. Humphreys, professor of meteorology of the United States weather bureau, says that with the vanishing of the last 6,000,000 square miles of ice sheets at and near the poles and in the high mountains the oceans will be raised 151 feet.

In this dismaying prediction Dr. Humphreys is supported by Professor David, of Australia; Professor Melnars, of Germany, and others, who also accept the theory of the American scientist that it's going to be a pretty warm in the present temperate zones, for as the ice melts the tropics will press upon them and they in turn will press upon the polar regions. — Los Angeles Times.

Miller's Worm Powders were devised to promptly relieve children who suffer from the ravages of worms. It is a simple preparation to destroy stomachic and intestinal worms without shock or injury to the most sensitive system. They act thoroughly and painlessly, and though in some cases they may cause vomit, this is an indication of their powerful action and not of any nauseating property.

Business Is Growing

Increase In Air Passengers Between Germany and Russia

Air service between Germany and Russia continues to grow. Estimates are that "Perairut," the German-Russian air transportation company, will carry this year at least nine times as many passengers as it did in its first 12 months nine years ago. Mail, baggage and freight also have made great gains. Two services are operated, one between Berlin and Moscow, and the other from Königsberg to Leningrad. Scheduled flights have increased from two to seven times a week.

Rub It In For Lame Back.—A brisk rubbing with Dr. Thomas' Electric Oil will relieve lame back. The skin will immediately absorb the oil and it will penetrate the tissues and bring speedy relief. Try it and be convinced. As the liniment sinks in, the pain comes out and there are ample grounds for saying that it is an excellent article.

Origin Of Word "Candy"

Soldiers with Alexander the Great were the boys who put the word "candy" into general circulation. Dr. C. A. Browne, chief of the United States Bureau of Chemistry and Soils, says the soldiers were in India when they ran across a sweet cane the Indians called "kand." They took the word back to Macedonia and since that time, it has been slowly modified until today we have "candy."

Tramp to Aberdeen on fourth-story flat: "Can ye gie me tuppence for a bed?"
"Bring it up till I see what it is like!"

PURELY VEGETABLE

Take them
every
day
often. They'll
Keep you
HEALTHY

Sold everywhere in
25c and 75c red pkgs.

CARTER'S PILLS

W. N. U. 1935

Lack Real Leadership

U.S. Public Opinion Not Yet Ready For Debt Readjustment

The New York Evening Post, agreeing that virtual cancellation of war debts must come, says that general United States "public opinion is not quite ready for the debt readjustment which her ears have not heard and her eyes have not seen." Public opinion "is not quite ready" because the United States public men and the press have persisted, chiefly for political purposes, in pretending, though they must have known better, that the debts were cancelled. When they begin to deal with the question realistically, as is now the case, public opinion in the United States will accept the cancellation as not only inevitable but desirable. The people are all right if they are given competent leadership. But what leadership they have had, in all the allied countries, since the war—Winnipeg Free Press.

An Absurd Practice

One well known radio station has decided that in future the names of radio announcers will not be given, and it is said that others are likely to follow suit. The plan has always been about as sensible as it would be for a brakeman to give his Christian and surname after calling out the next station.

"Well, I've brought back the car you sold me."
"How come?"
"When I bought it I thought '1932' was the license number, but now I realize it's the year of manufacture."

Don't leave kind words unsaid. Tomorrow may be too late.

Exposition Of Fascism

Premier Mussolini Does Not Believe In Possibility Of Perpetual Peace

War is exalted by Premier Mussolini as giving "the seal of nobility to peoples" in his concluding exposition of Fascism for the Encyclopaedia Italiana which was published in his old newspaper, Il Popolo d'Italia. "Perpetual peace," the premier says, is impossible.

His dictum of democracy is this: "It is a failure more tyrannical than tyranny."

"Fascism, as it generally regards the future and the development of mankind and apart from consideration of present policies, does not believe in the possibility of perpetual peace," the premier writes.

The premier reaffirms the doctrine that the state is supreme.

His discussion of religion is brief. "Fascism is not indifferent to religion in general or Italian Catholicism in particular. The state does not have a theology but a morality. Religion is not only respected but defended and protected."

Re-Organize Cheese Industry

A plan to re-organize the cheese industry of Ontario by a process of amalgamation and elimination has been announced by the Ontario Department of Agriculture. It is proposed to consolidate the present 774 cheese factories into approximately 150, the programme to be carried out within a period of five years.

Mercury has been known for at least 2,500 years, but its wide use is a development of recent centuries.

Pains In Stomach and Bowels

So Bad Would Have To Sit Down



Mrs. C. Landry, Moncton, N.B., writes—"I can certainly recommend Dr. Fowler's Extract of Wild Strawberry for cramps or pains in the stomach and bowels."

"Last Summer I had such awful pains in my stomach, and lower part of my bowels, at times would have to sit down. I took 'Dr. Fowler's' and was soon relieved."

"When my children were small I always kept a bottle in the house and it helped them wonderfully whenever any of them had bowel complaints."

A Separate Grade For Garnet Wheat Is Sought By British Milling Interests

Continuation of the policy of permitting Garnet wheat to be mixed with Marquis and Reward varieties, or of marketing it as No. 1 and No. 2 Northern wheat will react sharply against all wheat sales from Canada, in the opinion expressed by William Smith, chief grain buyer and miller for the Scottish Co-Operative Wholesale Society.

The British miller, he stated, had found the Garnet variety unsuitable for milling purposes in Britain. At a recent meeting of the milling and grain interests held in London a decision was taken which called for the special grading of Garnet wheat as distinct from the other Canadian wheat varieties.

"It is to the interest of the Canadian wheat producers to see that this separate grading is undertaken," stated Mr. Smith. "The British buyer of wheat is determined that what he purchases grain on the Canadian market that the commodity supplied him will be either No. 1 or No. 2 Marquis or Reward. Any purchases of Garnet variety made will only be bought on the strict understanding that it is of this variety, and at the price considerably below that paid for the other standard Canadian varieties."

Reasons given by Mr. Smith for the objection of British and Scottish millers to Garnet were that it is lacking in protein values and also that its baking qualities lack strength and stability as compared with the Marquis and Reward varieties.

Mr. Smith was definite in his statement that he did not wish to be construed as advocating the non-growing of Garnet. "This may be the best type of wheat to grow in certain districts, but, for its successful marketing it must be labelled what it is and not be placed on the market as holding grade with the other Canadian varieties."

Unless there is a separate grade for Garnet, British millers and grain buyers will be forced to divert their purchases to other channels, and there is no assurance to them that the wheat bought will be the required Marquis or Reward varieties.

A further factor, said Mr. Smith, which must be considered is the continuance of a downward trend in the price of Garnet wheat may result in definite lowering of the price of all Canadian wheat on the British markets.

Lets Electricity Do It

Farmer-Legislator Uses Modern Method To Remove Stumps

When J. W. Berry, member for the Delta in the British Columbia legislature, wants to remove stumps from his big farm near Langley, he just turns a switch and lets electricity do the work.

Approaching the stump with an electrically-driven auger, the stump expert pierces each of the large roots to a depth of about nine inches. Into the holes he pours a spoonful or so of gasoline and cylinder oil. Blasts of air are introduced into the holes through iron pipes attached to rubber hose.

The oil mixture is touched off with a match and soon the entire middle part of the stump is incandescent as the heart is being eaten away by the flames. Air is forced under electrical pressure through the iron pipes so the fire is maintained under forced draught until the whole of the stump is destroyed.

New Natural Gas Producer

A large flow of natural gas has been struck in the Kinross field, southeast of Edmonton, Alberta. The new producer is reported to have a flow of 7,600,000 cubic feet per day.

A new bathing "suit" has been designed, in which, after it has been inflated, the wearer can float for hours.



Professor: "Once again I have come out without my umbrella."—MUCHA, Warsaw.

W. N. U. 1935

Hard Task For Doctor

Valuable Snake In London Zoo To Have Glass Eye

Fitting a snake with a glass eye is the delicate operation which faces a doctor when he works on a huge Madagascar boa in a London zoo. Some time ago this rare and valuable boa became blind in one eye. It was found that the eye was badly damaged and causing much pain.

The offending eye was plucked out, and the snake's normally good spirits returned.

But the boa had lost much in beauty. Therefore, a suitable glass eye has been selected, and will be fitted in.

New Pastime For Blind

Invention Enables Sightless Persons To Do Crossword Puzzles

A London doctor has made an invention whereby the blind can do crossword puzzles and acrostics. The inventor is Dr. F. W. Alexander, a former medical officer, and the inspiration came to him as he passed a laundry.

The invention is based on the Braille reading system for the blind, and is composed of a laundry-board studded with nails denoting groups of the alphabet. Numerous games can be played on this device.



LOVELY NEGLIGEE WEAR OR HOSTESS GOWN, WITH PARIS STAMPED ALL OVER IT

Who doesn't adore the new negligees—long to the ankles, making one look just as slim and graceful as a reed.

Well here is a model that will do the trick for you. And imagine how simple it is to make, too. In these days of complicated cuts, this will be as simple as eating apple pie.

It is cut fairly close about the hip area, and adjusted by an attached sash. Another interesting thing about it is the shoulder yoke which offers many schemes for contrast.

Such a model is today's pattern which can be carried out in crepe satin, chiffon in plain or print, rayon novelties, etc., but is especially nice in two tones of crepe silk as the original.

Size 36 requires 4 1/2 yards 35-inch with 1 yard 33-inch contrasting. Style No. 655 is designed for sizes 34, 36, 38, 40, 42, 44, 46, 48, 50, 52, 54, 56, 58, 60, 62, 64, 66, 68, 70, 72, 74, 76, 78, 80, 82, 84, 86, 88, 90, 92, 94, 96, 98, 100.

Price of pattern 25 cents in stamps or coin (coin preferred). Wrap coin carefully.

How To Order Patterns

Address: Winnipeg Newspaper Union, 476 McDermott Ave., Winnipeg.

Pattern No. Size

Name

Town

Latest Scientific Wrinkle

Ink Spot Picture Used To Analyze Human Brain

Ink spots are the latest scientific wrinkle by which psychiatrists can examine the human brain and determine whether individuals are normal or abnormal.

Hundreds of tests made by Mrs. David Ralph Hertz, wife of Traction Commissioner Hertz of Cleveland, have established positively that reactions of individuals to ordinary ink spots can be used by psychiatrists to analyze them.

There is nothing mysterious about the spots, even though their use seems to lean toward black magic. Every school child has dropped a dab of ink on a piece of paper, folded it and then guessed what it looked like.

And that procedure is exactly the one Mrs. Hertz follows. She is working in conjunction with Samuel Beck of Boston. Beck is making charts of the reactions of abnormal people and Mrs. Hertz charts of normal humans.

"Of course, the test is only begun," she said. "Hundreds of more samples will have to be taken. But this test of mine has proved the process is practical."

Mrs. Hertz first tested 300 children in a junior high school. Using 10 ink spots, she allowed each subject to look at each spot for two minutes, jotting down verbatim everything said.

Then she compared the answers with hundreds of others she got from special groups of psychoneurotic, maladjusted girls and feeble-minded. By finding the normal for each special type, Mrs. Hertz can work backward and quickly classify an unknown case.

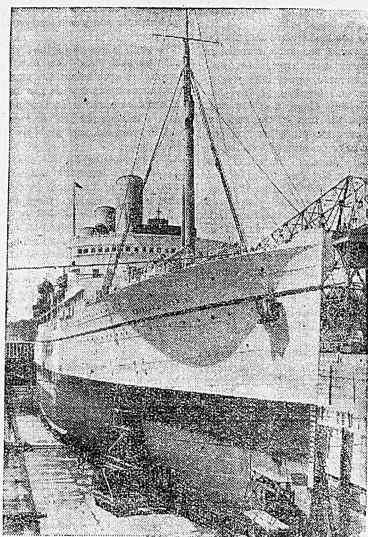
Normal people seemed to see animal and insect life in the spots. Psychoneurotics were sensitive to color in some spots and most of them saw parts of the human body in the spots. The feeble-minded visioned far-fetched likenesses. With a natural antagonism to social tenets, the maladjusted girls made their first remarks about the white spots left by the ink as it spread. That's called perseverance.

Well Known "Mrs. Grundy"

Famous Character Came Into Existence In English Play

That famous character "Mrs. Grundy" came into existence in a play called "Speed the Plough," written by Thomas Morton and produced some hundred and thirty years ago. In this play one of the characters has a habit of dragging her neighbour, Mrs. Grundy, into everything she says. At last her husband bursts out: "It is always 'What will Mrs. Grundy say?' What will Mrs. Grundy think?" Actually, Mrs. Grundy never once appears on the stages! But the constant reference to her opinions appealed to the public fancy and she still survives as a stickler for the proprieties.

SPRING-CLEANING AN EMPRESS



Under special arrangement with the Dominion Government the Canadian Pacific Empress Liners will, in future, have their annual summer overhaul in the great drydock at Victoria, British Columbia, instead of at Hong Kong, as in the past. Our picture shows the R.M.S. Empress of Russia in drydock, the first of the Canadian Pacific Fleet to be spring-cleaned in Canada. The "Empress of Russia" is 570 feet long, with a beam of 68 feet, but she looted small in the mammoth Victoria drydock which is 1,150 feet long with a minimum width of 124 feet. The drydock has a capacity of 42,000,000 gallons yet can be pumped dry in four hours.

The Victoria dock is exceeded in size only by the Commonwealth Dock of Boston, which is 29 feet longer. The new Southampton dock is 1,200 feet long but over all is not as large as that at Victoria.

The Dominion Government, in order to bring the work to Canada granted special concessions which will result in the expenditure of some \$150,000 on labour plus the cost of material.

PROUD OF GAVEL



Mr. Stewart Young, of the Town Planning Branch of the Saskatchewan Department of Municipal Affairs, proudly displaying a gavel sent to him as Secretary of the Saskatchewan Land Surveyors Association by J. Lonsdale Doupe of Winnipeg. The gavel is made from oak grown on grounds of the pioneer home of the Inkster family at Kildonan, Manitoba.

Red Clover Seed

High Grade Seed Brings Three Cents Per Pound More Than Ordinary Article

According to a news report going the rounds of the press, farmers of the Stittville (Ontario) district, recently sold a shipment of 33,000 pounds of red clover seed which was graded and sealed as Certified, No. 1. This seed brought 3 cents per pound more than dealers were offering for ordinary No. 1, proving once more that it pays to grow the best. Watch the Stittville men when the World's Grain Exhibition and Conference takes place at Regina next year. At this great all-Canadian, open to the world show, there are four classes for clover seed with \$6,500 in 110 cash prizes. There are three firsts each of \$300.

Tests Were Successful

A successful secret test of a new torpedo-like rocket was conducted at Duemmer Lake, near Osnabruck, Germany. The rocket, invented by the Hanover engineer, Reinhold Tilling, is about eight feet long and equipped with wings about 10 feet wide. The rocket shot into the air and the wings unfolded at an altitude of more than 5,000 feet, permitting the rocket to glide to earth.

Creamery Butter Production

The quantity of creamery butter produced in Canada in 1931 is the largest ever recorded by the dairying industry of Canada. It amounted to 225,000,000 pounds, an increase of about 40,000,000 pounds over the previous year. There are 2,699 dairy factories in operation in Canada.

Additional Sites Recommended For Marking By Historic Sites and Monuments Board

Archaeologists May Be Making Great Discovery

Believe Manger So Long Venerated Is Not True One

Excavations started after an accidental discovery are expected to reveal the manger in which Christ was born.

A rock-hewn grotto at the Church of the Nativity at Bethlehem has been shown for centuries as the manger, but the new excavations seem to show that tradition has been mistaken.

Though it is agreed that the Church of the Nativity, the oldest Christian building in the world, stands on the site of the inn where Mary and Joseph sought shelter, not all authorities believe the manger now venerated to be the actual manger.

The Church of the Nativity actually is a series of monasteries and churches of three sects—Greeks, Latins and Armenians—under one roof. Below the transept, reached by a circular staircase, is the Grotto, or Chapel of Nativity.

The pavement in the underground Chapel of Nativity was broken. After discussions between the three sects it was arranged that the public works department of the government should replace the flagstones.

When the workmen removed the old stones and started digging, they were surprised to find the remains of some former building.

The antiquities department in Jerusalem were called in, and walls, pillars, doors and stairs were revealed. Government archaeologists are now sifting shafts at three places.

It is thought by some experts that the remains found are part of the original church erected by Constantine the Great, the first Christian emperor, in the year 330. These parts, apparently, were covered by Justinian, who made alterations two centuries later.

A new pavement has been found, and a subterranean vaulted roof.

Through this massive roof is being sunk a shaft into what may be the actual manger, the stable portion of the inn where Mary and Joseph sought shelter after they had been refused admission to the inn "because there was no room for them."

The archaeologists now working at Bethlehem are not prepared to make any statement until all the remains have been uncovered and exhaustively studied. Experts fear to make a statement, however, believing them to be on the eve of the greatest discovery ever made by archaeology.

Keeping Up With Others

Idea Is All Right In Matter Of Progress

In one sense we must keep up with others. Their success inspires us. A student should not let another student outdo him! And the progressive ideas of other people often lead us to better ways of doing business, and to better methods of living. Keep up with good sensible people!

But many prosperous people set a bad example. They spend too much money on fine houses, and expensive dress and jewelry and automobiles. You may have enough to keep up with them, but I advise you to pay no attention to their example. Have simple habits. Live in your own way, according to your own taste, and well within your means. Remember, not all "high-flyers" are able to fly so high "Up like a rocket, down like a stick!"

It is pitiful to see some poor people trying to keep up with foolish rich people! Everybody knows they are poor, and living beyond their means. They thus lose their credit and the respect of sensible people. Poverty is not a crime. No sensible rich man looks down on his poor neighbor—on the other hand, he has great respect for a sensible, industrious poor man!—J. P. Greene.

Likely Fills Her Column

The editor of the Times-Democrat, Flemingsburg, Kentucky, who by the way is a woman, apparently is acquainted with the failings of human nature. At the head of the "Personal" column each week appears the following notice—"If you have visitors of whom you are not ashamed, report to this office."

Ancient Salvage

A project is on foot to recover the treasure on board the "Orient," one of the French ships that were sunk by Nelson at the Battle of the Nile on August 1, 1798. It is estimated that there is about \$500,000 worth of gold on board, part of the money seized by the French in Malta on their way to Egypt.

The development of interest in historic sites and landmarks throughout Canada has increased greatly during the past few years, mainly as a result of the excellent work being carried out by the Department of the Interior on the recommendation of the Historic Sites and Monuments Board of Canada. The Board, which recently concluded its annual meeting in Ottawa, was formed in 1919 with the sanction of the Minister of the Interior, to advise the department on the preservation of such monuments and sites as were considered of pre-eminent national interest. Th chief objects in view were the education of the nation in the history of the country, the stimulation of patriotism, the commemoration of the deeds of those who bore a significant part in the exploration, defence and development of the country, and in addition the preservation as national property of sites having outstanding historical interest.

The annual meeting was held in October, 1919, and the Board, which is composed of eminent historians chosen with a view to having representation from all parts of Canada, is non-partisan in character. The recommendations of the Board are carried to the National Parks Branch, Department of the Interior, Ottawa. Up to the present time 190 sites have been marked with a standard bronze tablet approved by the Board.

Among the sites recommended for marking at the recent meeting of the Board are those of the first iron furnace in Upper Canada, at Lyndhurst, Leeds County, Ontario; the first submarine telegraph in North America, between Prince Edward Island and New Brunswick; and the fur-trading post of Norway House at the north end of Lake Winnipeg, in Manitoba. The inauguration of the first stage route between Quebec and Montreal, and the signing of the Indian treaties made near Orillia, Ontario, are also to be commemorated.

The first iron furnace in Ontario was constructed at Furnace Falls township of Lanarkshire, County of Leeds, by Wallis Sunderlin in 1801, and was operated until 1812. The first submarine telegraph cable in North America was laid in November, 1857, by the steamer "Gloves" between Cape Tormentine, New Brunswick, and Carleton Head, Prince Edward Island. Treaties made with the Indian tribes in 1798, 1815, and 1818, which transferred to public control the ancient country of the Huron, along north and west of Lake Simcoe, will be commemorated with a suitable marker at Orillia, Ontario. The importance of Norway House in the early history of Canada will be perpetuated with a marker reviewing the chain of events connected with the famous fur-trading post in Manitoba.

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Believes Sun Spots Control Lake Level

Professor Finds Erie's Changes Follow Solar Cycle

Sun-spots control the level of Lake Erie, according to Prof. J. J. Nassau, observatory director of Cleveland, after a detailed study in co-operation with William Koski, graduate student. Lagging two years behind, the water level in the lake rises and falls with the 11 1/2 year cycle of minimum to maximum to minimum intensity in the spots on the sun. Dr. Nassau's experiments showed.

The unusually high level of the lake in 1930 was due directly to the fact that the sun spots reached a maximum degree of intensity during 1928. Since 1830, the level has been recorded annually and according to Prof. Nassau's observations, will continue to do so for at least two more years.

Wife: "I look great pains with that cucumber salad I made." Hubby: "So did I."



Client: "Your defences are much better than they used to be." Barrister: "Yes, I only learnt the art of defence after I was married."—Lustige Kölner Zeitung, Cologne.

WORLD HAPPENINGS
BRIEFLY TOLD

The Rotherday dock, one of the largest on the Clyde, has been temporarily closed on account of decline of shipbuilding.

Dividend on the common stock of Canadian Pacific Railway for the first six months of 1932 is not being paid at present.

The Church of Scotland plans to build 30 churches in Scotland in the next seven years, 10 of which will be in Edinburgh and five in Glasgow.

Representatives accompanying the Japanese Olympic team plan to buy the cabin of each athlete from that country who wins an Olympic title.

Newton, Mass., one of Boston's wealthiest suburbs, has nearly two automobiles for every family. There are 14,000 families and 23,000 automobiles.

Florence Ziegfeld, New York theatrical producer, who died recently in California, bequeathed his whole estate to Billie Burke, his widow, and Patricia, their daughter.

An air-taxi was chartered from Imperial Airways by a London woman for a return flight to Chelmsford, Essex, where she placed a wreath on a grave in the churchyard.

Art and agriculture are the only creative professions in the world, says John Erskine, novelist. "By artists I mean all craftsmen who are creators," he said, "and by agriculturists I mean all those who produce and create wealth from the soil."

San Francisco's new \$4,000,000 opera house, the first and only municipally owned opera house in the United States, will be formally dedicated next month as a war memorial. It will open Oct. 15, with performance of Puccini's "Tosca."

Indicative, it is said, of an improved lumber outlook, is the protest filed with the British Columbia government by mill men against export of logs. Loggers, however, contend that they are in a position to satisfy all demands of the mill men as well as taking care of any export trade being offered.

Britain's Unemployed

Seven and a Half Million People Depending On Government Aid

A wandering army of unemployed youths, vaguely reminiscent of the United States bonus army, is making its appearance in Great Britain as the result of increases in the number of jobs announced as \$2,811,792.

Unemployment has become approximately one-fourth of Britain's 45,000,000 population dependent to some extent on government aid, for fully 7,600,000 men, women and children are existing wholly or partly on government or local relief in addition to the official total of jobsless.

As a result of the latest official figures, an increase of 64,438 in the month of July, and of 96,432 in the last year, the nation's relief machinery is scarcely able to cope with the situation.

Limit To Cattle Exports

Less Than 25,000 Head May Be Shipped To England Next Year

Less than 25,000 head of cattle would be shipped to the United Kingdom next year from Canada, even if the restriction now imposed against Canadian cattle landing in Britain were lifted. This estimate was made in an interview recently by Hon. Robert Weir, Canadian Minister of Agriculture.

Reports which have gone out that the lifting of the restrictions would result in Canada shipping from 100,000 to 400,000 head annually to Britain are regretted by Mr. Weir. These reports would tend to fill the British farmer with fear that his home market would be flooded by Canadian cattle, while no such danger really exists.

A material that does not stop the ultra-violet rays from the sun, resembling glass, and not as fragile, has been made from natural gas.

Barber: "Your hair is getting thin on top sir. Have you tried our new hair tonic?"

Customer: "No, it isn't that!"



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Make Interesting Discovery

Canadian Scientists Gain Knowledge Of Universe Of Great Importance

New knowledge of the universe, stated to be of tremendous potential importance in the scientific world, has been gained by Prof. J. S. Foster and Dr. A. Vibert Douglas, McGill scientists who returned to the university following a month's research work conducted at the Dominion Astrophysical Observatory at Victoria.

Professor Foster declined to claim full success for their achievements until he and Dr. Douglas have had time to re-study their findings. He said, however, that the results of their work would quite likely create an up-set of opinion among European scientists.

The two McGill scientists set themselves to examine the electrical fields of stars.

They conducted observations both at Victoria and at Pasadena, Cal. Only one day was spent at the latter place.

Victorian Order Of Nurses

Miss Smellie To Visit Europe To Study Maternal Welfare Work

In recognition of the comprehensive programme of maternal welfare carried on by the Victorian Order of Nurses for Canada, the Rockefeller Foundation has extended to Miss Elizabeth Smellie, its chief superintendent, an invitation to visit a number of European countries within the next few months for the purpose of studying conditions of maternal welfare there.

Miss Smellie expects to sail early in September, visiting England, Denmark, Austria, Germany and Italy, and returning to Canada about the middle of December.



A SLENDERIZING MODEL THAT'S EASILY MADE

Bodice cuts in one until it joins the skirt.

It's cut on the wrap-over lines so becoming and liked. The box plait effect at the front of the skirt is length giving, besides adding graceful width to the hem.

A small patterned crepe silk in dark blue and white is smart for general all-round wear.

Navy blue or black sheer crepe is exceedingly popular. Make the vest of crisp white organdy. Leave it detachable so as to be readily removed for laundering.

White crinkle crepe silk, pale blue silk plaid and chamois-pink flat tubular silk are charming mediums.

Style No. 630 is designed for sizes 36, 38, 40, 42, 44, 46 and 48 inches bust. Size 36 requires 4 1/2 yards 39-inch with 1/2 yard 35-inch contrasting. Price of pattern 25 cents in stamps or coin (coin preferred). Wrap coin carefully.

How To Order Patterns

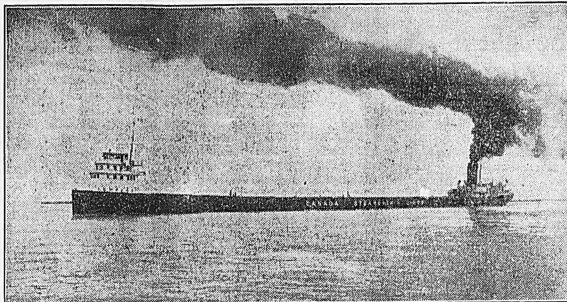
Address: Winnipeg Newspaper Union, 175 McDermot Ave., Winnipeg

Pattern No. Size

Name

Town

WORLD'S RECORD WHEAT MOVEMENT MARKS WELAND CANAL OPENING



Carrying 675,000 bushels of western wheat, representing the product of over 41,800 acres of prairie land and the largest single cargo ever carried in any single ship on any sea, the giant S.S. Lemoyne, of Canada Steamship Lines, 633 feet long and the biggest vessel on freshwater, opened the Welland Canal officially on August 6 in the presence of His Excellency, the Governor-General, Rt. Hon. Stanley Baldwin, and the delegates to the Imperial Conference, Premier R. B. Bennett, members of the Cabinet and thousands of spectators.

Largest Grain Carrier

Boat That Is the Pride Of Canada's Inland Waterways

World's largest grain carrier, holder of all Great Lake freight records and pride of the inland waterways, the S.S. Lemoyne of the Canada Steamship Lines fleet, officially opened the new Welland Ship Canal on August 6. Officiating at the ceremony was His Excellency the Earl of Bessborough, Governor-General of Canada, and delegates from all parts of the Empire attending the Imperial Conference in Ottawa.

Designed and built by Canada Steamship Lines at their own shipyards at Midland, Ontario, in 1928 the "Lemoyne" is considered a triumph of Canadian achievement and is the boat of Canadian shipyards. Since she first took the water she has captured all the major honors of the Upper Great Lakes freight carriers. Her records go even beyond freshwater for she has carried in single cargoes more grain and more coal than has ever been moved in any other single ship.

In 1929 the "Lemoyne" took on a cargo of 371,835 bushels of wheat, the crop of approximately 40,000 acres or more than 62 square miles of prairie land. In May 1930 she established a world record for the carriage of coal by taking aboard 16,538 tons and carrying it to Port William. It required more than 300 railroad cars to bring this cargo to the ship.

Six hundred and thirty-three feet long, with a seventy foot beam, a depth of twenty-nine feet and a registered tonnage of 10,480 tons the "Lemoyne" will be by far the largest ship ever to have entered Lake Ontario and will clear the way for the carrying of the great bulk of the wheat crop of the prairies to the ports of the east by water. The "Lemoyne" along with her ships of her type will no longer be confined to the Upper Lakes; her eastern terminal becomes Kingston, Ontario, and her east to west cruising radius more than one thousand miles.

During the last twelve months the Welland Canal has seen a series of new records established. Last year the S.S. Noronic, upper lake passenger liner and flagship of the Canada Steamship Lines, northern fleet, established the first of the series of records when she made her first trip into Lake Ontario, Hamilton and Kingston for the first time. On that occasion over one hundred thousand people from these three cities went on board the "Noronic" and the walls of the canal were lined with thousands of people during and visited the cruise. The "Noronic" at that time was the largest vessel of any type to go through the canal and remains the largest passenger steamer to have entered Lake Ontario. Her length is approximately half of that of the "Lemoyne."

Following the establishing of this record by the "Noronic," giant upper lake freighters of the Canada Steamship Lines set three new marks for

the canal in a little over a week. Early in July this year the freighter "Ashcroft" went through the canal with 360,000 bushels of wheat on her way to Kingston only to see her record broken within a few days by the freighter "Glengage" with 380,000 bushels. Both these vessels had formerly been confined to the Upper Lakes.

Less than a week after the "Glengage" had set her new record for grain she returned to Lake Erie and brought down to Hamilton 12,610 tons of coal, another Welland Canal record which will likely stand for some time. On her latter trip the "Glengage" also shattered all records for cargo carried into the port of Hamilton.

Today the "Glengage" is the largest boat ever to have entered Lake Ontario, but compared to the "Lemoyne" she is a small freighter. Her length of 596 feet compared with the "Lemoyne's" 633 feet and her capacity is approximately 380,000 bushels compared with the "Lemoyne's" 671,835 bushels.

Considered of special importance to the Empire since the Welland Canal in future will be the route used by most of Canada's grain ships, it was decided some time ago that the official opening should be on the program of the Imperial Conference and efforts were immediately made to have the largest Canadian lake boat go through for this ceremony. Elaborate preparations were made for welcoming the "Lemoyne" to Port Colborne on her first voyage, and in addition to delegates, government officials and representatives from other provinces large crowds of people viewed the ceremony.

Oldest In The World

Ancient Skull Is Found While Excavating In London

The oldest known human skull belonged to a London woman, G. Elliot Smith, professor of anatomy at the University of London, stated at a meeting of the international congress of pre-historic and proto-historic sciences.

"The skull is known as the Lloyd's skull," he said, "and was found in blue clay 40 feet below the surface during excavations for the new home of Lloyd's corporation in Leadenhall Street. It belonged to a woman about 10 years old, who probably was left-handed."

After considering all the evidence and carefully studying all other known skulls of the kind, Professor Smith said, he decided the London skull represented the earliest genuine remains of homo sapiens, giving it pride of place over the Java man, the Peking man, and all other pre-historic skulls.

The other attendants at the congress expressed great surprise over the announcement and left the hall immediately afterward to examine the skull and discuss the problem.

Do you keep your money in an outside or an inside pocket?" asks a male fashion writer. No.



CHEF: "Do prisoner hub had him appendix removed, Sare." CANNIBAL KING: "Curse! I lub an appendix."—From The Humorist, London, England.

Naval Armaments

Difficult To Distinguish Between Defensive and Offensive Weapons

Why all this bother about "offensive" and "defensive" naval weapons at Geneva? Is the submarine offensive? Are battleships, mine-layers and bombing planes defensive?

There is one simple rule by which every case can be decided: The other fellow's weapon is inherently offensive, your own is purely defensive.

Ask any schoolboy or baseball fan. The humble pop bottle is the most innocuous of objects, quite inoffensive. Only prejudiced persons like the umpire could possibly construe it as offensive. Again take the pea-shooter. Whoever heard of a schoolboy that used this mild little weapon for attack? As any boy knows the use of the pea-shooter, like the water-pistol, are solely for the warding off of attacks by others, especially those armed with pea-shooters.

And so it is with submarines and the like. The gentle U-boat regarded the Q-boat as highly offensive, whereas we all know it to have been purely protective. During the war, some of us harbored hard thoughts about submarines. Quite unjustly, it now seems, according to the French and Japanese theses. The under-sea boat has become the Poor Nation's Armor. It is the cheapest naval weapon for righting off offensives, according to its backers.

The sad truth is quite evident. Weapons are defensive or offensive according to the uses to which they are actually put. When you have decided who is the offender, and who is on the defensive, then, perhaps, you may decide whose weapons are offensive. Meanwhile, most nations seem to proceed on the principle that if a club is defensive, three clubs and a machine gun are twice as defensive. —Montreal Star.

Testing Out New Device

Invention May Prevent Flying Students From Freezing Controls

A new device to overcome the danger of flying students "freezing" the controls of aircraft in a panic has been developed by engineers of the department of national defense and is now undergoing thorough tests.

An arrangement whereby the instructor can disengage the student's controls in flight was found unsatisfactory, because once the student had overcome his momentary panic it was necessary for the aeroplane to land before his controls could be connected up again.

The new principle under test provides a jointed control stick that becomes automatically disconnected when too much pressure is applied to it, and yet resumes its usefulness when the student's grip relaxes. The instructor in the other cockpit is provided with a normal control stick and has control of the aircraft at all times. By pulling on his stick he can force the student's control out of joint.

Iceless Refrigerators

Colorado Farmers Have Inexpensive Means Of Keeping Food

Home-made iceless refrigerators are becoming unusually popular on many Colorado farms as an inexpensive means of conserving butter, milk, vegetables and fresh fruits, according to Mary Sutherland, extension economist in home management for the Colorado Agricultural College.

The iceless refrigerators are made by stretching either rust-proof screening or burlap over an empty orange crate. A covering of cotton flannel or some similar material is placed over the crate. The lower ends of the flannel covering are allowed to rest in a pan of water.

Capillary attraction keeps the cloth wet, and evaporation causes the refrigerator to remain at a low temperature.

"What's that you're putting in your shirt pocket?" asked Murphy.

"Dynamite," whispered Donovan. "I'm waiting for Casey. Everyone he meets he she slaps me on the chest and breaks my pipe. Next time he does it he'll blow his hand off."



She: "They say that a sailor has a sweetheart in every port." He: "Yes, but this isn't port."—Buen Humor, Madrid.

SUNDAY SCHOOL LESSON

AUGUST 21

THE TENT OF MEETING

Golden Text: "Jehovah spake unto Moses face to face, as a man speaketh unto his friend." Exodus 33:11. Lesson: Exodus, chapters 32, 33. Devotional Reading: Psalm 63:7.

Explanations and Comments

The Place and Purpose Of The Tent Of Meeting, verses 7-11.—These verses describe the customary way in which Moses performed his high priestly service during the wilderness life, before the tabernacle was erected. At every new encampment he "used to take the tent," a special tent which he called the "Tent of Meeting," and have it set up by itself, far from the camp. Similarly, after the settlement in Canaan, the local sanctuaries were beyond the towns and villages. The tent was especially sacred because there any inquirer might come with his perplexities and receive an answer from Moses as priest. When his duties were over, Moses returned to the camp, but the tent was constantly guarded by his assistant, a young man named Joshua.

When Moses had tarried on Mount Sinai, the people had complained to Aaron that, "as for this Moses, the man that brought us up out of the land of Egypt, he hath said unto us, Hear ye his voice. And now we have become the people of his voice." This new arrangement was better for the people, for they could follow him with their eyes till he entered the Tent. When they saw the pillar of cloud, the symbol of the Divine Presence, hover over the door of the Tent, each man, sitting and watching at the entrance of his own tent, would rise up and worship. And Jehovah spake with Moses.

"Prayer is more than meditation, it is a dialogue, it is a dialogue, it is a dialogue. It is not enough that man speak to God; he must believe that God can hear and, in some way, speak to him again. And one of the most welcome and surprising features of the Bible is that it is even more full of God's speech to man than of man's to God."—John E. McFadyen.

Within the "Tent of Meeting" Jehovah used to speak unto Moses face to face, as a man speaketh unto his friend. The expression "speaking face to face," has become proverbial for intimate confidence. It is an interesting and profitable exercise, as Dr. John E. McFadyen reminds us, to watch the Hebrew mind gradually transmute its earlier limited conceptions of God. "Sometimes the higher and the lower views may be found within the same chapter. A profound view of the person of God occurs a few verses farther on, 'Thou canst not see My face; for man shall not see Me and live.' A still more severely spiritual view occurs in Deuteronomy 4:12-13, where it is urged with great emphasis, 'It is impossible for thee to see My face; for in what manner shall man see the face of God?'—Robert F. Horton.

"We have too little praying face to face with God every day. Looking back at the end, I suspect there will be great grief for our sins of omission—omission to get from God what we might have had by prayer."—Andrew Bonar.

According To Supply

The doctor was giving a lecture to a class of girls.

"Also," he remarked, "it has been found that the human body contains sulphur."

"Sulphur!" exclaimed a pretty young girl. "And how much sulphur is there in a girl's body?"

"Oh, the amount varies," said the doctor smilingly, "according to the girl."

"Ah," remarked the girl. "That's why some of us make better matches than others."

Korea is the only country in the world where the marriage certificate is equally divided, one-half being given to the wife and the other to the husband.

Bookkeepers in the Irish Free State are demanding the removal of the new book tax.

The King of England has conferred the Royal Victorian Chain upon the Duke of Portland.

MONARCHIST REVOLT IN SPAIN IS SHORT-LIVED

Madrid, Spain.—Rioting mobs in Seville took their vengeance on monarchist sympathizers for the short-lived revolt against the Republic, which collapsed when its leader, General Jose Sanjurjo, fled the city and was captured while trying to get to the border.

While the rioters were burning buildings and bombing homes in Seville, the government proceeded with "mopping up" operations against the revolutionaries and the rest of Spain gave itself over to public celebrations in honor of the young republic's hardihood in its first great test.

General Sanjurjo, who complained that "everybody abandoned me and my undertaking," was on his way to Madrid from Huelva, where he was arrested after he had taken a nurse guard to show him the best way to Portugal.

President Niceto Alcalá Zamora presided over a lengthy cabinet session at which the punishment for the rebel general was discussed.

Nine buildings were burned by the Seville mobs. Among them were the offices of two newspapers—the A.B.C. and La Unión—and the church of San Lázaro.

The rioters killed a civil guard near the Seville jail, which they attacked in an effort to liberate prisoners and to assault members of the civil guard held captive there because of participation in the revolt.

Shortly afterward, Premier Manuel Azana announced the general and all other officers and civilians connected with the revolution would be tried by the sixth section of the supreme court. This tribunal is devoted to military affairs.

The premier said he intended exterminating to the very roots the cause of the rebellion. "It would be unjust to those persons availing themselves on charges of sedition if the government allowed such crimes to continue," he said.

General Sanjurjo, who complained that "everybody abandoned me in my undertaking" after his revolt collapsed, was questioned lengthily at police headquarters here.

Wheat Carry-Over

Slight Decrease Is Shown Compared With Previous Year

Ottawa, Ont.—The carry-over of wheat at the end of the crop year July 31, was 130,948,901 bushels, compared with 134,078,963 last year, the Dominion Bureau of Statistics reported recently.

Canadian wheat in elevators and afloat in the United States amounted to 4,708,828 bushels, while 1,181,427 bushels of Canadian wheat were afloat destined for United States ports. The comparable figures for these items at July 31, 1931, were 5,638,334 and 1,259,978 bushels, respectively.

The total amount of Canadian wheat in Canada and the United States at July 31, 1932, was 136,837,156 bushels compared with 140,877,275 bushels at July 31, 1931.

The final revision of the 1931 wheat crop estimates is not possible until January, 1933, when the harvest is under way for deliveries and platform loadings are made available by the Board of Grain Commissioners.

Floods Take Heavy Toll

Hundred Thousand Chinese Homeless and Many Lives Lost

Harbin, Manchuria.—A hundred thousand Chinese residents of Harbin were forced by unprecedented floods to abandon their section of the city, which has become a vast sea.

Approximately 8,000 persons were reported missing in the valley of the Shanghai River, which has risen far above the level in 1914, when Manchuria experienced the worst flood in its history.

Harbin's Chinese residents have congregated in canteens and fields on the outskirts of the city. Many of them are without food, clothing and shelter.

Cholera is spreading in the district and the people are hoarding food as prices sky-rocket.

May Finance Settlers

St. Catharines, Ont.—Possibility of 10 unemployed families of this city becoming pioneers of the Peace River district was seen if plans of the city council are completed. Under the proposal 10 families, financed with a maximum sum of \$600 each, provided by the municipal, provincial, and Dominion Governments, would be established in Peace River.

W. N. U. 1905

No Dairy Shipments

Lack Of Refrigeration Service May Prevent Exports Over Churchill Route This Year

Montreal, Que.—Owing to the high rates that would have to be charged, little hope is held out that a refrigeration service will be available out of the port of Churchill, Man., to carry butter and cheese to Great Britain, at least this year, Thomas Hartling and Co., steamship agents here, stated recently.

Efforts had been made by western Canadian interests to obtain steamship service from the new northern port for dairy produce, the company stated, but it was felt the rates would be too high to attract shippers. Vessels at present using the Hudson Bay route to carry grain do not have the refrigeration facilities necessary.

Western Canada last year shipped a considerable quantity of butter to the United Kingdom when exports of that commodity were resumed after a lapse of several years. Certain quantities of eggs and poultry are also shipped overseas by the west, the shipments being made via Montreal.

Winnipeg, Man.—Officials of the On-to-the-Bay Association had little comment to make on a Montreal despatch, saying it would be practically impossible to ship dairy products from Churchill this year owing to prohibitive rates. They said the statement as indicative of the difficulties encountered in developing the new route. Ample dairy produce was available in the west for export to ensure profitable operation of a refrigerated ship on a reasonable freight rate basis, it was stated.

Double Taxation

Steps Being Taken To Remedy Grievous Situation

Edmonton, Alberta.—Recommendations from the conference of income tax officials of the four western provinces, which was held here, will go in course to their respective governments, certain general principles and working methods having been agreed upon for joint adoption if approved. It is expected that the remedy will be made to apply to next year's tax.

Provincial income taxes as affecting wage-earners are the chief point on which some changes in the present system are desired. The superintendents of the four provinces are trying to find a way of avoiding the taxing of the same income twice. A number of cases were found in this year's operations of persons living in one province and working in another, and under the income tax laws as they stand at present the incomes of persons are liable for double taxation in both provinces. This overlapping and double taxing will be remedied, it is understood, if the suggestions of the superintendents' meeting are adopted.

Research Laboratories

Two Thousand Guests Attend Official Opening At Ottawa

Ottawa.—The handsome, bronze doors of Canada's new national research laboratories swung open to 2,000 guests from the British Empire. Between the doric columns of the main facade light shone from half-a-hundred windows.

His Excellency the Governor-General faced one of the most distinguished audiences in Canada as he inaugurated the new building, declaring the building formally opened.

Hon. H. H. Stevens, Minister of Trade and Commerce for Canada, presided. Speaking briefly, he called upon the Prime Minister, Rt. Hon. R. B. Bennett, to address the assembly. After a short address from Mr. Bennett, his excellency, upon whom fell the duty of declaring the building open, spoke.

Quest For Blondes

Scientists Require Golden Hairs For Recording Humidity

Montreal, Que.—The McGill University weatherman's quest for blondes whose tresses reach their waists brought quick response Wednesday. Telephone calls assured him there are still women in Montreal with hair unbobbed and who are willing to sacrifice a few hairs of it on the altar of science.

The McGill meteorologist requires the fine, sensitive, golden hairs for a hygrometer, a delicate instrument used for recording humidity changes from hour to hour. The hair of brunettes is too coarse.

Should Attend Unveiling

St. Thomas, Ont.—Representation of the Dominion of Canada by a composite battalion of great war veterans at the unveiling of the Canadian memorial at Vimy Ridge, which may take place next year, was recommended by Col. Hercule Barre, Canadian trade commissioner to France.

Kaye Don Will Race Again

Britain's Speedboat Racer Has Hope Of Capturing Trophy

London, Eng.—Kaye Don, Britain's speedboat racing idol and holder of a new world's record upon the water, left here for Southampton to sail on the steamer "Majesty" for Detroit, where he will race against Gar Wood for the Harmsworth trophy.

A large crowd of cheering admirers bade him farewell.

"I am making no promises," he said, "except this—I will do the best I can against Wood's boat, which has a much greater horse-power than my Miss England III."

By promising to do the best he can, Don meant he would try to reach again on the new Detroit course the two-miles-a-minute pace he set when he slashed his sleeked power plant across Loch Lomond at an average speed of 119.81 miles an hour, with a top mark of 120.5 miles, the fastest any human has travelled over the water.

CANADA'S SHARE OF BRITAIN'S WHEAT IMPORTS

Ottawa, Ont.—During the calendar year 1931 Russia supplied the United Kingdom with 24.24 per cent of its total wheat requirements while Canada's percentage was slightly higher at 25.12. These figures were contained in a special report on world trade in wheat, issued by the Dominion Bureau of Statistics, especially for the benefit of the Imperial Economic Conference. Russia's total exports of wheat to the United Kingdom in 1931 amounted to 54,010,298 as compared with total Empire imports to the United Kingdom of 94,948,376.

The total wheat requirements in 1931, of the United Kingdom, chief wheat importing country of the world, amounted to about 223,000,000 bushels. This was supplied mainly as follows: Canada, 55,982,000 bushels; Australia, 43,397,000; British India, 899,100; other British countries, 73,656; Russia, 54,010,298; Argentina, 38,701,714; United States, 15,576,000; Germany, 4,283,000; France, 35,000; and other foreign countries, 9,875,000.

Russia's upsetting invasion of the Empire wheat market came in the last two years, the total to the United Kingdom for 1930 having been only 34,938,000 bushels, while the five-year average ending with that year was 78,194,600 for Canada. Estimated gross average yearly British exports of wheat for the five years ended with 1930 amounted to 330,166,000 bushels. Canada which leads all wheat exporting countries had an average total of 257,863,000 bushels.

Estimated average world exports during the same period totalled 692,649,000 bushels. Argentina led among the foreign countries contributing to this total with an average of 149,785,696 bushels, with United States, Hungary, Algeria, Germany, Rumania, France and Russia, following near order. Russia's average was 31,963,300 bushels.

Alberta Delegates

Edmonton, Alberta.—Hon. George Hoadley, Minister of Agriculture, and Dean Howes of the university, will be the Alberta delegates to the meeting called by Hon. Robert Weir, federal minister of agriculture, for August, 29 in Toronto.

ADDRESSES SEED GROWERS



Under the auspices of the Canadian Seed Growers' Association, Field Days are being held this month at various points throughout Saskatchewan. Mr. H. S. Vigor, Secretary of the Saskatchewan Branch of the Association (shown above), will be one of the principal speakers.

War Loan Conversion

British Plan Is Attended With Success According To Report

London, Eng.—The success of Great Britain's war loan conversion is strikingly illustrated in the official report of government revenue and expenditure for last week, from which it is inferred that nearly £1,600,000,000 out of the total of £2,084,894,000 was converted by July 31.

The report includes an item of expenditure, "cash bonuses, £15,708,000 sterling." When the government announced its conversion scheme on June 30, where five per cent. securities could be exchanged for a 3½ per cent. issue, bondholders were offered a cash bonus of £1 for each £100 if they gave notice of intention to convert before July 31.

While no official announcement of the progress of the scheme was issued, London financial houses were quick to observe the cash bonus item, multiplying it by 100 to find the figure converted in July.

Wheat For Italy

Shipment Being Forwarded Direct Through Port Of Churchill

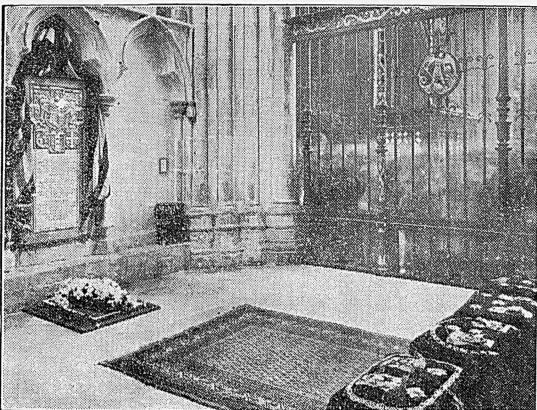
Winnipeg, Man.—A shipment of wheat will go to Italy this summer direct from the port of Churchill. Thomas Harling, Sr., head of Thomas Harling and Son, shipping agents, made the announcement here just before he left for the northern port to superintend the loading of the first two ships of the season, the "Pennyworth" and "Sierentz."

Mr. Harling said the chartering of a vessel for the shipment to Italy indicated the Hudson Bay route was appealing to continental importers as well as to Great Britain. The vessel would carry the first cargo to go direct from Churchill to the continent. The three vessels already chartered will carry about 150,000 bushels of wheat.

Enlarging Elevator

Winnipeg, Man.—The United Grain Growers, Limited, have awarded a \$250,000 contract to the Northern Construction Company, of Vancouver, for the extension of their elevator there to a capacity of 2,000,000 bushels, the work to be completed by November 1, according to an announcement of R. S. Law, president of the firm. The present capacity of the elevator is 1,600,000.

WHERE A NOTED WARRIOR RESTS



The grave of Field-Marshal Lord Plumer in Westminster Abbey, showing four cushions on which are placed his insignia. Lord Plumer's remains lie close to those of the "Unknown Warrior." The tablet shown at the left background reads in part: "To the Glory of God and to the Memory of One Million Dead of the British Empire who Fell in the Great War of 1914-1918."

Increased Acreage

Prairie Provinces Have More Than Million More Acres Under Crop This Year Than Last

Ottawa, Ont.—The prairie provinces have 1,042,278 more acres under wheat this year than last, according to a crop report issued by the Dominion Bureau of Statistics Wednesday, August 10.

For all Canada, the increase is 984,350 acres.

"The estimates of the areas sown to the principal grain crops in the three prairie provinces as shown by the annual statistics collected in June last through the rural schools are now available. The figures reveal an increase of 1,042,278 acres (four per cent.) in wheat, and 221,033 acres (2.7 per cent.) in oats, with slight decreases in barley and rye and a rather drastic reduction of 28 per cent. in flaxseed acreage from 618,361 to 445,700 acres."

Menace To Health

Dental Authority Says Sugar and White Flour Injurious To Teeth

Toronto, Ont.—The corner candy store is a greater menace to public health than the old corner saloon, according to Dr. Martin Dewey, New York, president of the American Dental Association.

Asked for an interview during the dental convention he is attending here, Dr. Dewey said, "Just say this—it has been said a million times but it will stand plenty of repetition—white flour and white sugar are the big enemies to the teeth of civilized peoples. Those are the culprits which are responsible for more ill-health as far as teeth are concerned than any two articles you could mention."

PREFERENTIAL TARIFF ASSISTS EMPIRE TRADE

Ottawa, Ont.—Preferences granted by Canada to Empire countries amounted to \$30,000,000 during the year ended March 31, 1931, according to the preliminary trade report just issued. This was estimated as the difference between the duty collected under the preferential tariff and what would have been collected under a general tariff. The difference between the preference and treaty tariffs would have been six million dollars less.

Total Empire imports for the year under the preferential tariff amounted to \$141,588,195. The duty collected amounted to \$119,125,220, at an average ad valorem rate of 13.5 per cent. The estimated duty for this volume under treaty tariff would have been \$42,840,989, and under a general tariff \$49,302,030. Of the total imports goods valued at \$37,151,696 entered Canada free.

The great bulk of these imports came from the United Kingdom, the total being \$95,365,805, of which \$18,288,442 represented free imports. Duty collected on United Kingdom imports amounted to \$15,437,744. Under a treaty tariff this would have been \$23,737,060, and under a general tariff, \$28,982,152.

The next largest importer to Canada, the British West Indies, sent goods valued at \$13,563,762, of which \$8,745,705 was dutiable, bringing a revenue of \$1,366,076.

Under a treaty tariff this would have been \$7,072,931, and under a general tariff, \$7,147,446.

PROPOSAL MADE TO ESTABLISH EMPIRE BANK

Ottawa, Ont.—Establishment of a super-central empire bank, represented in each participating country by a local office, was advocated by J. F. Darling, director of the Midland Bank of England, and well-known authority on silver.

The bank, Mr. Darling states, would commence operations with a fund of approximately 100,000,000 pounds allocated to each participating country as agreed upon. This fund would be increased annually by three per cent. over the preceding year.

In a brief memorandum on imperial co-operative credit and silver, followed up by a newspaper interview, Mr. Darling went into his proposed plan. It was taken for granted, he said, that within the empire there existed a potential but unused credit which, through co-operation, might be utilized to great mutual advantage. To operate this credit most effectively, the super-bank should be set up.

An Island Prison

Sons Of Freedom Are Being Established In New Quarters

Vancouver, B.C.—A little green island in the Gulf of Georgia became prison Thursday, August 11, to 20 Sons of Freedom who for the first time saw the place where they must spend the next three years. They were sent over from Vancouver and will be followed by similar groups until the entire body of 600 nude paraders are settled in their place of confinement. In the meantime, some 300 of their children will be cared for in provincial institutions.

Instead of spending the winter on their well kept farms amid seasonal cold and snow in the southern interior, the Doukhobors will winter amid the soft rains of the mild coast climate. They will be housed in newly-built cottages surrounded by barred wire ten feet high and may pursue their occupation of farming to some extent—the men on one side of the island, the women on the other.

Jobless Veterans Offer Services To Bolivia

British Soldiers Would Join In Fight Against Paraguay

London, Eng.—Many unemployed war veterans called at the Bolivian legation and consulate general here in response to an announcement of the British Fascists that a large number of British Fascists were anxious to join the Bolivian army in its dispute with Paraguay. They were courteously informed, however, that recruits were not needed at present.

The consulate general said it had received hundreds of letters from men desiring to offer their services, in addition to a "British Fascist" offer of 10,000 men if necessary.

Optimistic At Eighty

Man From Ontario Quite Confident Of Finding Work

Winnipeg, Man.—Flat broke and 80 years of age, an optimistic traveller arrived in Winnipeg from Bracebridge, Ont. He visited the city hall and said he had ridden bumpers here in search of work in the harvest fields. He was not exactly looking for a meat ticket at the city hall, he said. He just wanted to look in and talk to some of the folks.

A blacksmith by trade, he said he had never missed a meal in his life and did not expect to. He was sure he'd find something to do in the west after the harvest.

Prospectors Going North

Rush Started With Report Of Manitoba Gold Strike

Norway House, Man.—Reports of a promising gold strike on the north-western extremity of Elk Island are seeping in to this northern Manitoba outpost. A number of prospectors are joining the rush from Island Lake and other mining men are making their way to the scene of the find by aeroplane.

The gold occurs in a telluride in a sheer zone about 16 feet wide and parallels the direction of the island. Elk Island is approximately 150 miles northeast of here.

Radio Cars For Police

Vancouver, B.C.—For the past two months the Vancouver city police department has experimented with radio equipped automobiles and a short wave sending station located at police headquarters. Some 20 cars have already been put in service and police officials state the experiment has proven satisfactory.

To Check Criminality

Scientific Treatment Of Delinquency and Crime Instituted In England

A significant and encouraging movement has recently been launched in England in an effort to combat crime at its source. This movement is under the auspices of the Association for the Scientific Treatment of Delinquency and Crime, and has for its ultimate aim the founding of a National Institute for the prevention of crime.

There can be no question that the treatment of first offenders and of young criminally-disposed persons has much to do with the creation of the crop of criminals and the formation of habits and crime. To overcome the criminal tendencies of hardened criminals is admittedly a most difficult job, but this effort in England would appear to have it the elements of hopefulness in that it strives to rescue the young person who is about to start out on a criminal career. Too much in the past it has been true that young people guilty of lapses against the welfare of society have been sent to prison where they might have been otherwise dealt with, and in prison have acquired confirmation and hardening of their tendencies until they have emerged as man and woman with their hands against society and with society's hands against them. In this effort to which we have alluded it is intended that there shall be clearing stations, at which first offenders would undergo physical and psychological examination and then be given treatment in clinics or re-education centres, without loss of freedom or stain upon reputation. In this way it would seem likely that many will be saved from a life of crime to useful citizenship.

Along such lines it would appear that there would be genuine likelihood of preventing the drain upon society's resources involved in the imprisonment of criminals at least a certain proportion of whom would be re-established in good living. The experiment deserves all encouragement and is backed in England by great names of scientists and public men. This experiment overseas should be observed by our Canadian friends who have power to deal with the prevention of crime.—Regina Leader-Post.

Monkeys Are Neither

Biped Or Quadruped

Four-Handed Like Bridge Game Says London Customs Board

How many feet has a monkey? The question arose when a shipment of six of the chattering primates arrived at Folkestone from the continent. British tariff law admits quadrupeds without duty; other animals are taxed.

"Monkeys have four feet," the London firm whither the simians were consigned argued.

"No," ruled customs agents, "they have two feet and two hands" — so they were taxed as bipeds.

Protesting against H. M. Customs agents' deficiency in zoological knowledge, the consignees appealed to the board of customs in London.

This sage board confounded them all: "None!" Monkeys, they affirmed, are quadrumanus (four-handed, like a bridge game).

So the poor monkeys haven't a foot to stand on, and neither has the appellant.

Wood-Pulp Production

Over three-quarters of the wood-pulp produced in Canada in 1930 was manufactured and used in mills which use their own pulp for the production of paper. About twenty-one per cent. of the total quantity of pulp produced was made for export.

One thing that always has puzzled us is why these trick remedies that "cure" dandruff, etc., etc., with "a single application," come in such large bottles.

In Oregon a loser in a gambling game can sue the winner and recover double the amount he lost.

"Come down, boys, I am ashamed of you."

"You needn't be. We shall reach the top all right!"—Flegende Blaetter, Munich.

"I have only ten minutes and I hardly know where to begin," said the speaker.

"Begin at the ninth minute," shouted a bored man in the back of the audience.

Young lady wants to know why a young man who is attentive to a girl is called her suitor. He is called her suitor because he may or may not.

Manitoba had 155,000 sheep at the end of last year, Saskatchewan had 209,000, and Alberta, 614,000. Total 988,000.

Branded Beef

Sales Of Well-Finished Beef Have Been Greatly Boosted

The current issue of the Livestock and Meat Trade Review, prepared by the markets intelligence service of the Dominion Livestock Branch at Ottawa, supplies some striking figures with respect to the extent to which sales of well-finished beef have been boosted through branding as provided under the federal beef grading service.

For the first four months of 1931, sales of branded beef are reported as totalling 5,032,398 pounds, while for the first four months of 1932 the total is 7,047,398 pounds—an increase of 2,014,999 pounds, or 40 per cent. Another way of presenting the same figures is to transpose this increase into terms of head of beef cattle, which, allowing an average dressed weight of 600 pounds each, amounts to 3,525 head.

It is also of interest to note from this report that the volume of beef branded in Quebec packing-houses, chiefly in Montreal (1,430,017 pounds), is nearly two-and-a-half times the amount branded during the first four months of 1931. This figure, however, does not begin to represent the actual volume of branded beef now being sold in Montreal as a great deal of the Montreal supply is dressed at Toronto and Winnipeg stockyards. Officials of the beef grading service estimate that about 30 per cent. of all the beef being branded finds a market outlet in Montreal. This places the Montreal figure at upwards of 2,100,000 pounds.

While every province in Canada in which beef is branded shows an increase in volume over last year, the largest increase in grading, outside of Quebec, is in Manitoba, which shows a gain of around 300,000 pounds during the first four months of the current year.

Movie Wind Machine

Combats Brush Fires

Is Capable Of Putting Out Small Blazes Quickly

Blowing out a brush fire as easily as a pen might smudge out a match, a powerful wind machine, developed for a Hollywood motion-picture studio, has been used successfully in combating forest fires by the Los Angeles county forestry department.

Tests proved that the machine is capable of putting out any small blazes quickly, best results being obtained when dirt and sand were shoveled into the stream of air from the propeller, thus smothering the flames.

The wind machine may be particularly valuable where no water is available and, if mounted on a tractor, could be taken into heavily overgrown territory, says Popular Mechanics Magazine. It is also proposed to direct the blast of air through a funnel-like nozzle and, with the compressed air, blow out by the roots brush and dry grass to cut fire breaks.

Recipe For Keeping Young

Be Keenly Interested In Everything Says Henry Ford

Henry Ford at 69 believes that if he continues to "keep interested in everything," old age will not bother him.

Celebrating his 69th birthday a few weeks ago, he said he believed that "people whose interests are up to date will get along in the world," without growing old.

"We like to have people think we get better as we get older," said Mr. Ford, "and I believe people of these times have more varied interests to keep them young."

The motor manufacturer expressed the belief that business conditions will gradually improve as people do more for themselves and cease looking to the Government or some Santa Claus for aid.

Winds Get Their Turn

Recently the last river mail boat on the Mississippi closed fifty years of continuous service between Memphis and Mayfield, Tenn. The same day a post-office bulletin called attention to the fact that 12,000 pounds—553,000 pieces—of mail had been sent via air during the first year of air mail at Memphis. The waters receive a well-deserved rest, but the winds are just beginning to work.

"I have only ten minutes and I hardly know where to begin," said the speaker.

"Begin at the ninth minute," shouted a bored man in the back of the audience.

Young lady wants to know why a young man who is attentive to a girl is called her suitor. He is called her suitor because he may or may not.

Manitoba had 155,000 sheep at the end of last year, Saskatchewan had 209,000, and Alberta, 614,000. Total 988,000.

Magicians Of The Past

Showmen's Illusions That Mystified Crowds Of A Former Generation

Many of the most renowned magicians, who entertained crowded theatres in the last century and the earlier years of the present one, were inventors of no mean ability. Kellar, Hermann the Great and, later, Thurston made the machinery which they employed in the most puzzling of their illusions. Thurston spent years in perfecting the "Levitated Lady," in which a young woman appeared to be suspended in the air.

The trick of the speaking head, in which the head of a girl, severed from the body and floating in space, continued to carry on conversation, took years to bring to complete success, yet it also was of simple construction. Magicians are a clanish lot, and they keep as sacred trusts their own secrets and those of members of their guild. That these secrets become known to the world is not because they are intrusted to the Patent Office, but because some one else eventually proves as smart as the inventor.

One of the striking features of a travelling show in the '80s was the "Talking Automaton," a wax figure in a glass case that answered questions and solved mysteries. It was the show's most successful attraction and brought down the wrath of a competing combination which referred to it as a "ventriloquist's fake." If the contriver of the trick really had discovered, as he claimed, the "secret of artificial speech" he might have shared honors with Edison. What he did was to conceal a dwarf between the two layers of the floor of the case and make him the mouth-piece of the trick.

One of the illusions of another magician of the age was to raise a flaming wand and cause the ceiling of a theatre to blaze with "luminous stars of the firmament." He was chemically enough to know the value of phosphorus as a showman's helper. Magic has lost much of its vogue as an entertainment. Science does on a grand scale what the magician did as an exhibition of mystery. Compare the talking automaton with the photograph or the radio; compare bespangling a room by phosphorescent spots with touching a key flashing hundreds of thousands of lights into being a hundred miles away. The man of magic finds that he belongs only to his time, and that is of short duration.—New York Sun.

Grain Storage Facilities

Saskatchewan has 3,229 country elevators with a total capacity of 103,162,850 bushels, and two interior grain storage elevators which will hold 11,000,000 bushels. Private elevators in the province hold 4,500,000 bushels.

A youngster in school was asked: "Where are elephants found?" "Elephants are so large that they never get lost," was his answer.

And that could apply to the advertising business without stretching one's imagination too much.

She: "We've been waiting a long time for my mother."

He: "Hours, I should say."

She (rapturously): "Oh, George!"

RADIO ANNOUNCER



Bill Hay, the popular announcer of Amos and Andy enjoying the sunbath and fresh air (without the farm-out taxicab company) at Victoria, British Columbia.

Calendar Is Left Behind

Father Time Spends Ahead Six Hours Every Year

Every leap year laymen and scientists alike have the opportunity of watching the efforts of the calendar to catch up with Father Time. Once in four years our antiquated calendar must somehow gain a day to make up six hours lost each year. This it does partially by adding a day on what we know as Leap Year. Still the calendar does not quite catch up in the race. There is still eleven minutes and fourteen seconds left unaccounted for each year. Thus there exists centennial leap years, where another day is added. These Leap Years, now almost forgotten, are those centuries exactly divisible by 400. Three out of four century years, 1700, 1800, and 1900 are common years, but 2000 is a Leap Year. This plan matches the solar year within twenty-six seconds.

Receives New Title

New title has been added to the already imposing list of the Prince of Wales; that of Commodore. He consented to become Commodore of the Royal Thames Yacht Club, which is the second oldest club of its kind, Lord Queensborough retiring to make way for him.

Conductor—"Can't you see the sign, No smoking?" Sailor—"Sure, mate, that's plain enough. But they's so many dippy signs here. One says, 'Wear Nemo Corsets.' So I ain't payin' attention to any of them!"

Doctor: "Now, before I examine you, may I ask what you drink?" Patient: "Thank you, doctor. A small whisky and soda for me."

QUEBEC'S CLEAR SKIES FAVORABLE FOR OBSERVATION



"This is just the kind of sky we want to observe the eclipse satisfactorily," Sir Frank Dyson, Astronomer-Royal, and other British astronomers and scientists, told reporters when they arrived at Quebec on the liner "Montcalm." They have come to Canada to observe the total eclipse of the sun at various points in Quebec and New England, and are divided into four separate parties, going to Magog and Parent, Quebec Province; and Berlin, New Hampshire, and Matkots, Me. The celebrated astronomers are seen pointing to Quebec's clear sky. The group included Sir Frank Dyson, leader of the Royal Astronomical Society's Expedition (left, pointing); J. F. Cameron, Solar Physics Observatory, Cambridge; Prof. J. F. M. Stratton and Prof. H. Dingle, of the Imperial College of Science and Technology.

Italian Heir Likely

To Receive Fortune

Case Has Been In Courts For Sixty-Five Years

To inherit a million in money left by an ancestor 332 years ago does not fall to the lot of every man.

But this is the happy end of a case which the courts of Italy have been trying since 1937 and it seems that a certain Giovanni Trombetta, postal clerk at Milan post office, gets the lion's share of the fortune after living 45 years in a very modest way. In the year 1600 Baron Antonio Trombetta, who had vast funds at Montebello Jonico, in Calabria, left them all in trust to neighboring Capucine monks, founded an abbey for them and gave them his farm buildings too. It seems that the baron had quarrelled with his family, which consisted of a mother who had married and her two sons by her second husband.

When, in 1806, the monasteries were to a great extent secularized, the baron's fortune, which had increased a hundredfold, was not claimed by his kin, and the Italian government, according to law, took possession of it.

Then his descendants of the baron's half brothers, who had grown poor, and come down to the humblest classes of society, appeared and made their claims. Of these there were 70 persons, but the courts weeded them out to 40 and now the chief heir is Giovanni Trombetta. The money will soon be handed over to him, but the state kept a considerable portion of the whole estate which has been carefully nursed by the Abbots at Montebello Jonico for the benefit of a poor postal employee.

Educated In Many Places

Daughter Of U.S. Consul Has Done Much Travelling

Mary Marsh, daughter of the United States consul at Sydney, Nova Scotia, should be internationally minded. She has taken her travelling between terms at school, but not in the stereotyped manner of students on cut-and-dried world cruises. Miss Marsh was born at Manila, Philippine Islands; attended grammar school at Ottawa, high school in the United States, was privately tutored in Mexico, attended a ladies' institute in Montevideo, Uruguay, and graduated from high school in Sydney. She then entered Dalhousie University, for two and one-half years of undergraduate attendance. But she will graduate from the University of Strasbourg, Germany. Her father, O. Gaylord Marsh, has been appointed to the consular post in that historic city.

A novel clock in a South American city is in the form of a searchlight. The clock, in revolving, falls on a different landmark every hour.

Nearly two-thirds of the artificial flowers exported into the United States last year came from Germany.

Only about one American male out of every 200 attains a height of six feet.

Paint exposed to the weather ordinarily lasts about five years.

All-Canadian Highway

Completion Is Expected In About Two Years' Time

Preaching the gospel of the vital need of good roads, everywhere in Canada, Samuel L. Squire of Toronto, chairman of the Canadian Good Roads Association's executive committee, visited Edmonton recently returning from the Pacific coast.

"In two years' time Canadians will be able to travel across the Dominion on an all-Canadian Highway with the exception of a short break for the lake journey, from Fort William to the Soo," Mr. Squire said. "It has been a tremendous task, cutting through and preparing the highway in northern Ontario, particularly from Kenora on to Fort William. But progress is being made."

Mr. Squire told of the great aid given the association by governments in all the provinces. Recently, too, Newfoundland has joined the organization. Everywhere the necessity of preparing good roads for the comfort and pleasure of the tourist, is apparent, declared Mr. Squire.

"Co-operation is undoubtedly the big need today, not only between the various provinces of Canada, but between the urban and rural sections," declared the good roads advocate. "Time was when a farmer, driving to the city, was referred to by some as a 'lick.' At the same time when a city fellow went to the country, he was a 'dude.'"

"It's different now. With good roads leading right to the farm doors, the farmer is just as familiar with city affairs as the citizen and the people living in the cities are just as familiar with conditions in the country."

Vancouver Grain Storage

Building Big Addition To Elevator Capacity To Take Care Of Grain Trade

An important addition to Vancouver grain storage facilities has been decided upon and elevator capacity will be increased to the extent of 1,475,000 bushels. The cost involved in this addition to elevator capacity will be about \$375,000, and the work will be hastened so that the new accommodation will be ready to receive grain early in October. This port will then be able to store more than 17,000,000 bushels at one time.

In recent years, with millions of bushels of grain pouring out of Alberta and Saskatchewan, Vancouver terminal has at times been so congested that westbound traffic has been restricted.

The movement of Canadian wheat through the port of Vancouver has been a comparatively recent development, but has grown to very large proportions. Whether the opening of the new route via Hudson Bay will have any appreciable effect upon west-bound shipments remains to be seen.

It is also announced that a shipment of 4,000 tons of wheat will leave this port at an early date for delivery at Vladivostok. A few months ago several million bushels of western grain was shipped from Vancouver to the Russian port.

Pendulum Observations

Pendulum observations by the Dominion Observatory, Department of the Interior, show that the mountains of British Columbia are buoyed up by abnormally light material extending down into the earth's crust for about sixty miles. The excess of gravity revealed by the pendulum on the prairies is believed to be due to an extensive underground of abnormally heavy rock.

Millionaire Rag Picker

William H. Kearns, Chicago, in life an obscure rag-collector, died a millionaire. This was revealed when a brother and sister filed a \$2,000,000 bond pending disposition of the estate. Kearns, who died intestate at the age of 70, left stocks and bonds amounting to \$1,000,000.

Greece plans to construct 2,100 miles of new highways.



"I should die of boredom doing nothing all day."

Oh, you never did have much perseverance.—Hummel, Hamburg.



For Creamed SOUPS and SAUCES

YOU have not tried St. Charles Milk you will be surprised at the improved flavor it gives to cream soups and sauces. It is handy and economical too and with it you can make hundreds of tasty dishes that you and your family will enjoy.

Always ask for St. Charles by name and then you can be certain that you are obtaining the finest evaporated milk.

ST. CHARLES MILK
UNSWEETENED & UNADDED

THE HOUSE OF DREAMS-COME-TRUE

—BY—
MARGARET FEEBLES
Author of
"The Splendid Polly," "The Hermit of Far Bend,"
Roder & Stoughton, Ltd., London.

CHAPTER XXVIII—Continued

"Oh, yes, she did. It was quite clear in the afternoon when she started—looked like being a lovely night."

"But—but—"
Nick stammered and came to a halt. There was a look of bewilderment in his eyes.

"But who's she gone with?" he demanded at last. "I thought she said she intended stopping the night with Judith and Burke at their bungalow?"

"So she did," replied Blaise. "Why? Have you any objection?"—smiling.
"No. Only—Nick frowned—"I don't quite understand it. Judith isn't on the Moor."

"Not on the Moor?" broke simultaneously from Lady Anne and Blaise.

"How do you know, Nick?" added the latter gravely.

"Why, because—Nick's face wore an expression of puzzled concern—"because I saw Judith in Newton Abbott late this evening."

Blaise leaned forward, a sudden look of concentration on his face.

"You saw Judith?" he repeated.

"What time?"

"It must have been nearly eight o'clock. I was buzzing along in Jim Cresswell's car to catch the seven-fifty-five up train, and I saw Judith with one of the Hofords—you know, those people from London—turning into the gateway of a house. I expected it was the place the Hofords were stopping at. They didn't see me."

"You're quite certain? You've made no mistake?" said Blaise sharply.

"Of course I've made no mistake. Think I don't know Judith when I see her? But what's the meaning of it, Blaise?"

Tormarin rose to his feet, tossing the stump of his cigarette into the fire.

"I'm not sure," he said slowly. "But I want to find out, madonna"—turning to his mother—"did Jean tell you exactly what Judith said when she rang her up on the phone about this moonlight plan?"

"It wasn't Judith who rang up," replied Lady Anne, a faint piquing showing itself in her face. "It was Geoffrey who gave the message."

"Tormarin looked at her with a sudden awakened expression in his eyes. There was dread in them, too—keen dread. The expression of a man who, all at once, sees the thing he values more than anything in the whole world being torn from him—dragged forcibly away from the shelter he could give into some unspeakable darkness of disaster.

"That settles it!" He pressed his finger against the bell-push and held it there, and when Balnes came hurrying in response to the imperative summons, he said curtly: "Order me a fresh horse round at once—at once, mind. Tell Harding to saddle Orion, and to look sharp about it."

"Blaise—Lady Anne's obvious uneasiness had deepened to a sharp anxiety—"Blaise, what are you going

to do? What—what are you afraid of?"

He looked her straight in the eyes. "I'm afraid of just what you are afraid of, madonna—of the devil let loose in Geoffrey Burke."

"And—and you're going to look for her—for Jean?"

"I'm going to find her," he corrected quietly.

Gravity had set its seal on all three faces. Each was conscious of the same fear—the fear they could not put into words.

"But why do you take Orion?" asked Nick. "The little thoroughbred mare—Redwing—would do the journey quicker and be lighter of foot over any marshy ground on the Moor."

"Orion can go when he chooses," the returned Tormarin. "And he'll choose tonight. Redwing is a little bit of a thing, though she's game as a pebble. But she couldn't carry—two."

The significance of Tormarin's choice of his big roan hunter, three-parts thoroughbred and standing sixteen hands, came home to Nick. He nodded without comment.

Silently he and Lady Anne accompanied Blaise into the hall. From the gravelled drive outside came the impatient stamping of Orion's iron-shod hoofs. Just at the last Lady Anne clung to her son's arm.

"You'll bring her back, Blaise?" she urged, a quiver in her voice.

"I'll bring her back, madonna," he answered quietly. "Don't worry."

A minute later he and the great roan horse were lost to sight in the mink of the night. Only the beat of galloping hoofs was flung back to the two who were left to watch and wait, muffled and vague through the shrouding mist like the sound of a distant drum.

CHAPTER XXIX.

The Golden Hour

Orion had fully justified Blaise's opinion of his capabilities. As though the great horse had gathered that there was trouble abroad to which he must not add, he had needed neither whip nor spur as he carried his master with long, sweeping strides over the miles that lay between Staple and the Moor. He was as fresh as paint, and the rush through the cool night, under a rider with hands as light as a woman's and who sat with a flexible ease, akin to that of a cat, had not disturbed him in the very least.

Now they were climbing the last long slope of the white road that approached the bungalow, the reins lying loosely on Orion's neck.

The mist had lifted a little in places, and a watery-looking moon appeared through the clouds now and again, throwing a vague, uncertain light over the blurred and sombre moorland.

Tormarin had no very definite plan of campaign in his mind. He felt convinced that he should find Jean at the bungalow. If, contrary to his expectation, she were not there, nor anyone else to whom he could apply for information as to her whereabouts, he would have to consider what his next move must be.

Meanwhile, his thoughts were preoccupied with the main fact that she had failed to return home. If she had accepted Burke's invitation to the bungalow, believing that Judith and the Hofords would be of the party, how was it that she had not at once returned when he discovered that for some reason they were not there?

Some weeks ago—during the period when she was definitely investigating the possibilities of an "unexpended bomb"—it was quite possible that the queer recklessness which sometimes tempts a woman to experiment in order to see just how far she may go—the mysterious delight that the feminine temperament appears to derive from dancing on the edge of a precipice—might have induced her to remain and have tea with Burke, chaperon or no chaperon. And then it was quite on the cards that Burke's lawless disregard of anything in the world except the fulfilment of his own desires might have engineered the rest, and he might have detained her at the bungalow against her will.

But Blaise could not believe that a "tete-a-tete" tea with Burke would have held any attraction for Jean now—not since that day, just before the visit to London, when he and she had been discussing the affairs of Nick and Claire and had found, quite suddenly, that their own hearts were open to each other and that with the spoken word, "Beloved," the misunderstandings of the past had faded away to be replaced by a wordless trust and belief.

But if it "had" attracted her, if—knowing precisely how much the man she loved would condemn—she had still deliberately chosen to spend an afternoon with Burke, why, then, Blaise realized with a swift pang that she was no longer his Jean at all but

some other, lesser woman. Never again the "little comrade" whose crystalline honesty of soul and sensitive response to all that was sweet and wholesome and true had come into his scarred life to jewel its arid places with a new blossoming of the rose of love.

He tried to thrust the thought away from him. It was just the kind of thing that Nesta would have done, playing off one man against the other with the innate instinct of the born coquette. But not Jean—not Jean of the candid eyes.

Presently, through the thinning mist, Tormarin discerned the sharp turn of the track which branched off from the road towards the bungalow, and quickening Orion's pace, he was soon riding up the steep ascent, the moonlight throwing strange, confusing lights and shadows on the mist-wet surface of the ground.

Suddenly, without the slightest warning, the roan snorted and wheeled around, shying violently away from the off-side bank. A less good horse might have been unseated, but as the big horse swerved Tormarin's knees gripped against the saddle like a vice and with a steady word he faced him up the track again, then glanced keenly at the overhanging side of the roadway to discover what had frightened him.

A moment later he had jerked Orion to a sudden standstill, leapt to the ground and, with the reins over his arm, crossed the road swiftly to where, clad in some light stuff that glimmered strangely in the moonlight, lay a slender figure, propped against the bank.

"Blaise!" Jean's voice came weakly to his ears, but with a glad note in it of immense relief that bore witness to some previous strain.

In an instant Tormarin was kneeling beside her, one arm behind her shoulders. He helped her to her feet and she leaned against him, shivering. Feeling in his pockets, he produced a brandy flask and held it to her lips.

"Drink some of that!" he said. "Don't try to tell me anything else. The raw spirit sent the chilled blood racing through her veins, putting new life into her. A faint tinge of colour crept into her face.

"Oh, Blaise! I'm so glad you've come—so glad!" she said shakily.

"So am I," he returned grimly. "See, drink a little more brandy. Then you shall tell me all about it."

At last, bit by bit, she managed to give him a somewhat disjointed account of what had occurred.

"I think I must have been stunned a little when I fell," she said. "I can't remember anything after stepping right off into space, it seemed, till, oh ages afterwards—I found myself lying here. And when I tried to stand I found I hurt my ankle and that I couldn't put my foot to the ground."

"With a weak little attempt at laughter—"I—I just sat down again."

Blaise gave vent to a quick exclamation of concern.

"Oh, it's nothing, really," she reassured him hastily. "Only a strain. But I can't walk on it." Then, suddenly, clinging to him with a nervous dread: "Oh, take me away, Blaise—take me home!"

"I will. Don't be frightened—there's no need to be frightened any more, my Jean."

"No, I know. I'm not afraid—now."

But he could hear the sob of utter nerve stress and exhaustion back of the brave words.

"Well, I'll take you home at once," he said cheerfully. "Look, here we have, no coat on and you're wet with mist."

"I know. My coat's at the bungalow. I left in a hurry, you see"—whimically. The irrepressible Peterson element, game to the core, was reasserting itself.

"Well, we must fetch it—"
"No! No!" Her voice rose in hoarse protest. "I won't—I can't go back!"

"Then I'll go."

"No—don't! Geoffrey might be there—"

"So much the better!" grimly. "I'd like five minutes with him." Tormarin's hand tightened fiercely on the hunting-grip he carried. "But he's more likely to let his way in the mist and fetched up far enough away. Probably"—with short laugh—"he's still searching Dartmoor for you."

You'd be on his mind a bit, you know! Wait here a minute while I ride up to the bungalow—"

But she clung to his arm.

"No, no! Don't go! I—I can't be left alone—again."

The fear was coming back to her voice and Blaise, detecting it, abandoned the idea at once.

"All right, little Jean," he said reassuringly. "I won't leave you. Put my coat round you"—stripping it off. "There—like that." He helped her into it and fastened it with deft fingers. "And now I'm going to get you up on to Orion and we'll go home."

"I shall never get up there," she observed, with a glance at the roan's

PACKS RIGHT

LIGHTS RIGHT

BURNS RIGHT

IN YOUR PIPE

OGDEN'S CUT PLUG

"If you 'roll your own,' use Ogden's fine cut cigarette tobacco."

St. Boniface Priest Builds Fine Organ

Instrument Is Marvel Of Tonal Richness and Sweetness

A workshop which might well rival those of his priestly craftsmen of the middle ages is maintained by Brother Sylvester, of the Oblate order, in St. Boniface. In his workshop, Brother Sylvester, during his spare time in the past 12 months, has built a beautiful two-manual, pneumatic-action organ, perfect in degree of quickness and sensitiveness.

The instrument is designed along the same lines as Casavant Freres instruments and is a marvel of tonal richness and sweetness. It is a product of great natural genius, rare skill and long hours of labor.

Brother Sylvester is a Frenchman from his native Savoy, where his parents had apprenticed him to a blacksmith. On his arrival in Canada he was for 10 years in the service of the Oblate Order as a builder of mission schools and buildings in northern Canada.

It was in 1910 that he became interested in musical mechanics and for some years he has enjoyed a reputation as a maker of high-grade piano and chromatic accordions, work which gave him valuable training for the more difficult task which has now reached a successful consummation.

What Brother Sylvester will do with his organ now that it is completed he has not decided. He may present it to some mission in the far north, but he sees objection to that since only highly skilled musicians could play it and such are not to be found in that area of French-Canadian missions.

Canada has no border patrol in British Columbia. Hundreds of "floaters" from the state of Washington, practically all of them United States citizens, are reported drifting across the international boundary into British Columbia, with Vancouver generally as their destination.

Canada maintains no border patrol in British Columbia and crossing of the boundary outside the recognized zone is an easy matter.

All mothers can put away anxiety regarding their suffering children when they have Mother Graves' Worm Exterminator to give relief. Its effects are sure and lasting.

Chinaman Won Out
A Chinese gardener sold a horse to a farmer, and during the transaction he repeatedly said: "Horse no look well, but plenty pull."

It was subsequently discovered that the animal was blind, and, incensed at being taken in by a Chinese, the purchaser took John to court.

"Did you know the horse was blind?" asked the magistrate.

"Oh, yeh, I know long tam," John replied.

"Then why didn't you tell him so?" the magistrate demanded.

"I tell him all," said the Chinese. "I tell him plenty tam horse no look well."

That being admitted, the case was dismissed.

Important Minerals Of Canada
Sixteen important minerals produced in Canada are listed by the Canadian Government Bureau of Statistics in a recent return. They include: asbestos, cement, clay products, coal, copper, feldspar, gold, gypsum, lead, lime, natural gas, nickel, petroleum, salt (commercial), silver and zinc.

Smithson: "How long have you worked in that office."
Greene: "Since they threatened to fire me."

The life of a single hair on a human's head is estimated to be from six to 10 years.

Little Helps For This Week

First the blade, then the ear, after that the full corn in the ear.—Mark iv. 28.

Then bless thy secret growth, nor catch at noise, but thrive unseen and dumb: Keep clean, bear fruit, earn life, and watch.

Till the white-winged reapers come.—Henry Vaughan.

The Author and Giver of all good things expects us to grow and improve. He offers to increase in us true religion, to nourish us in all goodness. The gospel is a call to progress and improvement; it bids us never tire in our works of charity, but as fast as one kind purpose is accomplished set about another. Let charity, gentleness, and love be as the breath you draw.—John Keble.

What is thought the earliest mention of the egg as food is found in the book of Job. In Job 6.6 it is said: "Is there any taste in the white of an egg?"

A railway season ticket, covering 175 miles of travel, was issued to a dog, at Plymouth, so it could accompany its mistress, a travelling saleswoman, on her trips.

Thirty-five thousand women in Aberdeen are unmarried. They should import a Northwest Mounted policeman to show them how to get their man.

Cone-shaped snowflakes are sometimes observed in snowfall.

You can cook Vegetables AT ONCE

in the same saucepan by using CANAPAR

Do each vegetable up in its own bag of Canapar Cookery Parchment. There won't be any odor, not even from cauliflower. All the food value is retained, and you use only one burner turned low for cooking. The flavors will not mix!

Do the same with boiled or steamed fish. You'll be delighted with the results. No fishy odor in the kitchen. No saucepan or kettle to clean up. When roasting meat, line your pan with Canapar. Fats and juices won't burn. No more scurrying or scouring of the pan afterwards.

You can use Canapar repeatedly by simply rinsing it off and hanging up to dry. It doesn't absorb odors. Makes a perfect dish cloth. Silky, strong, and doesn't spread lint. Made by the makers of the famous PARASANI Heavy Waxed Paper in the Green Box.

Special Offer
Most grocers, druggists and department stores have Canapar on sale, but if yours hasn't, send this coupon direct to the makers and we'll give you a new and unique booklet entitled "Leftovers", containing one hundred recipes as a bonus for your trouble.

Applied Paper Products, Ltd., Hamilton, Ontario.
Enclosed find 25¢ for which please send me one full size package of Canapar Cookery Parchment and your 100 recipes for "Leftovers".

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Had Melancholy Blues

Wanted to die... she felt so blue and wretched! Don't let cramps ruin your good times. Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound gives you relief.

Heard Around Town

Miss Ina Rennie is visiting with Miss Helen Dawson.

Mr and Mrs John Vennard and sister, Vera, visited with their aunt, Mrs. Wm. Milligan, last week.

A farewell dance is being tendered to Mr. and Mrs. L. S. Dawson in the Chinook hotel ballroom Wednesday evening, August 24.

Mr. and Mrs. Rutley, of Kindersley, arrived here by motor Sunday and visited for a few days with Mrs. Rutley's brother, W. S. Lee.

Mr and Mrs. M. L. Chapman and daughter, Lorna, motored to Garden Plains, Sunday, where they visited with Mr. and Mrs. Shand.

Miss Irene Marcy, who has been attending summer school at Edmonton, returned Friday accompanied by Miss Fern Collett, of Calgary, who will visit with Miss Marcy for a week or two.

The Acadia Produce Co. has just received their fall shipment of pants, bib overalls and combinations, also a crate of dishes including tea pots, jugs, cups and saucers, etc. These are being offered at the new low prices.

Carl Axelson, of Bingville, Alberta, prominent in the Farmers' Unity League movement, was found hanging dead from a beam in his barn on Monday. Mr. Axelson gave a lecture in the Chinook consolidated school some two years ago.

Mr and Mrs. E. E. Jacques and family, who spent their vacation at Calgary, returned Friday accompanied by Mrs. Jacques' niece, Mrs. J. W. Cushman and little daughter, of Valley City, Ohio, also her nephew, Harry Thorpe, of Calgary.

Mr and Mrs. J. G. Connell and their two sons, Jack and George, are leaving this week on a business and pleasure trip to Calgary, Lacombe and Edmonton, and will continue as far as Abbe, 90 miles north-east of Edmonton, at which point Mrs. Connell has a sister. They expect to be gone at least two weeks—Creston Review.

Alberta Wheat Pool Tuesday announced that cheques had been issued covering the final payment on wheat placed in the 1931-32 pool. The total amount was approximately \$200,000. The final payment on No. 1 Northern was 11.42 cents. On other grades it ran from 9.58 cents for No. 2 Northern to as high as nearly 20 cents a bushel. The total payment on No. 1 northern wheat was \$56,425; No. 2 northern \$51,585; No. 3 northern \$48,896.

Mrs N. F. Marcy received a telegram announcing the death of her sister-in-law, Mrs. Leo Foster, of Innisfail, who passed away on August 14. Deceased's death was due to heart trouble having suffered from the attack some five weeks. She leaves to mourn her loss her husband, mother and four sisters. Mrs. Foster was well known here as she taught in the Chinook consolidated school for some years prior to her marriage to Mr. Leo Foster after which she lived with her husband on the F. E. Foster farm three miles north of town for two years. Burial took place on Wednesday, August 17, at Innisfail.

Applications for Van Driving Received

Provisions of the Local Tax Arrears Consolidation Act Amendment Act, 1932, not to be Taken Advantage of.

The Board of Trustees of Chinook Consolidated S. D. meet in the school on Saturday evening, August 13, at 8 p.m. All members present.

Minutes of previous meeting were adopted as read.

After the reading of correspondence, applications for van driving and bills presented for payment were then taken up by the Board.

Hille—That payment of the following accounts be approved:

W. E. Bennett, convey.	\$63.00
Workmen's Comp. Bd.	2.62
Herald Pub. Co., adv'g	1.20
E. E. Jacques, on account	8.85
West. Mun. News, supplies	3.90
Lorne Proudfoot, express	30
Acadia Produce, on acct.	1.40
C. W. Rideout, stamps	11.00

—Carried.

Hille—That the Chinook Consolidated S. D. do not avail themselves of the provisions of the Local Tax Arrears Consolidation Act, Amendment Act, 1932.

Johnston—That the arrangements for van driving be as follows:

W. W. Isbister, from September 1 to September 30.	Route 1.
L. F. Dressel, Sept. 1 to September 30.	Route 2.
H. Neufeld, Sept. 1 to September 30.	Route 3.
H. Neufeld, jr., September 1 to September 30.	Route 4.

Just a reminder—Chinook and District School Fair will be held Wednesday, Sept. 21 at Chinook.

We are sorry to report that Leslie Berry is not improving in health as fast as his many friends would wish for.

The first sale of Red Head Products, for which Cooley Bros. are the local agents, was made to N. D. Stewart last week.

Chinook United Church, J. D. Woollatt, minister. Sunday, August 21: Cloverleaf, 11.00 a.m.; Cereal at 3 p.m.; Chinook at 7.30 p.m. Come and enjoy the services with us.

The Chinook Masons gathered in their hall Wednesday evening to do honor to Mr. James Rennie, who has already left Chinook but came back for the occasion, and Mr. L. S. Dawson, who is leaving Chinook the first of next month.

Mr. P. Dobson, of Calgary, arrived here by motor on Saturday returning Sunday with Mrs. Dobson and family who have spent a three weeks' holiday at the home of Mrs. Dobson's parents. Mr. and Mrs. F. Otto.

A party of young people gathered Tuesday evening at the school hall to do honor to Mrs. E. E. Jacques' guests: Mrs. J. W. Cushman, of Valley City, and Harry Thorpe, of Calgary. All report having spent an enjoyable time. At the close a dainty lunch was served.

Marking the 20th birthday of the town of Hanna, a very fine edition of the Hanna Herald, published by H. G. McCrea, was issued last Thursday. The edition contained valuable historical matter relating to Hanna and vicinity and was profusely illustrated. We congratulate Mr. McCrea on the splendid edition turned out.

B. Peters, October 3 to October 14.

Route 5. R. G. Whelan, Sept. 1 to September 30.

Route 6. J. Funk, September 1 to September 30. Rate of pay on this route to be \$5 from June 21 last as van had to go for the Coates' children.

Route 7. Ed. Ona, September 1 to September 23.

Rosenau—That Geo. Connell be notified that tuition fees for the two girls who wish to attend high school are \$30 each per year, these to be paid by Devonshire S. D. provided that the same grades are not being taught in that school, and that the fees for the two smaller children are \$16 in all, these to be paid by himself if Devonshire school is in operation.

Hille. That, in the opinion of the Board, the bills received from Cereal S. D. for tuition fees for the Bennett children are not in accordance with Section 202 of the School Act.

Hille. That the chairman arrange for some one to do the plastering and other work required at the school as discussed at this and the previous meeting of the Board.

Rosenau. That we do now adjourn to meet again on Saturday evening at 8 p.m.

Lorne Proudfoot, Sec.-Treas.

Mrs. D. Graham, of Baido, Alta., is visiting at the home of Mrs. Lloyd Robinson.

Mr. I. W. Deman, of Calgary, and his two sons, Raymond, of New Bridgen, and Alfred, of Calgary, were town visitors Wednesday.

As Mrs. W. S. Warren has not been improving since her operation, she found it necessary to return to the hospital Sunday.

Harvest is in full swing in our district. The intensely hot weather for the past few weeks has ripened the grain quickly.

Mr. and Mrs. Clarkesworth, of Bellevue, Alta., are the guests of Mr. and Mrs. Wm. Meade over the week-end.

No Attempt to Collect Over-Payment

Definite denial was made by Premier Brownlee, in a statement recently made at Edmonton, of rumored plans of the Wheat Pool to collect from this year's crop certain losses sustained in previous years. Premier Brownlee's comment to the Edmonton Journal was as follows:

"I have been surprised to hear that rumors are again being circulated throughout the province with respect to the Wheat Pool to the effect that an attempt will be made to make up the losses in connection with the 1929 crop by deductions from any crop delivered to the Pool this coming crop season.

"I wish to again state, as I did last year, that there is no truth whatever to the suggestion. The agreement between the government and the Wheat Pool, as ratified by the legislature, provide for certain fixed payments for a period of twenty years. No attempt will be made to collect any sum from the growers as individuals but we fully expect the Pool will be able to make its annual payments out of its total earnings."

We Now Have a Supply of

Red Head Products

Gasoline, Kerosene, Tractor Kerosene, Oils and Greases. New prices just in. Let US supply your needs.

COOLEY BROS.

Chinook Phone 10

Coliholme Locals

Miss Helen Thompson spent a few days last week at the home of Mrs. W. Wilson.

The Misses Irene and Barbara Shier spent last week-end at the N. D. Stewart home.

Mr. and Mrs. Herb Bradford, of Oyen, visited Thursday afternoon at the home of N. D. Stewart.

Miss Ester Witt, of Youngstown, spent a few days last week visiting at the Duncan home.

Most of the farmers of this district are cutting their crops. Some are using headers and others the binder while a few are combining.

G. Lee Robertson, of Three Hills, is spending a short vacation with Vincent Kid-out, having been friends while attending Normal at Calgary.

Schrieber-Poitras

Youngstown, Aug. 13.—A pretty wedding was solemnized at the home of the bride's parents, Mr. and Mrs. Poitras, Kaledand, Alberta, when Doris Mary Dolores, their only daughter, became the bride of Karl Arnold Schrieber, of Youngstown. Rev. Father Murphy, of Vegreville, officiated.

The bride's dress was of pale rose chiffon crepe, with hat to match, and she carried a shower bouquet of white roses. The bridesmaid, Miss Marie Venne, was attired in brown. The bridegroom was attended by his brother, William Poitras.

After the ceremony a wedding lunch was served at the home of Mr. and Mrs. Noie Theroux to some forty guests. In the evening a dance was held at which over a 100 guests were present.

L. S. Dawson's Resignation Accepted. Applications Called For.

A meeting of the council of the M. D. of Coliholme No. 243 was held in Coliholme school, Saturday, Aug. 5, at 1 p.m. All members present. Minutes of previous meeting were adopted as read.

Stewart—That resignation of L. S. Dawson, as secretary-treasurer, be accepted. Carried.

Young—That we advertise in the Calgary Daily Herald, Chinook Advance and Youngstown Plaindealer for applications for the position of secretary-treasurer, applications to be in the hands of the secretary not later than Aug. 25, duties to commence September 1, salary \$1,200 per annum, Carried.

Gordianer—That Messrs. Paetz and Stewart be a committee of two to convene with similar committees for the town of Youngstown and the M. D. of Soundings Creek to possibility of inducing a medical doctor to locate in Youngstown. Carried.

Ferguson—That the Laughlin Community Organization be given permission to remove the toll

at meeting of the n.w. 1/4 of 22 28 8. W4. Carried. (That is, the motion was carried.)

Stewart—That seizures be made to cover all 1931 and 1932 seed grain advances and all arrears of taxes not covered by the tax recovery act. Carried.

Gordianer—That the secretary be instructed to prepare a list of all lands subject to sale under the tax recovery act and present same at the next council meeting in order that the council make the necessary arrangements for offering them for sale. Carried.

Stewart—That E. B. Allen be appointed municipal bailiff, covering Range 8. Carried.

Ferguson—That the following bills be paid: S. M. Squire, \$7; Cooley Bros., \$2.40; Dr. Cross, \$15; S. H. Smith, \$3; Supt. Chinook, \$18; L. I. O., \$5; Imp. Building Supplies, \$87.00; Providence hospital, \$40.15; Acadia Produce, \$25; Banner Hardware, \$11; pay sheet D, 5, \$138; do. D, 6 \$453.35. Carried.

Paetz—That we do now adjourn to meet again on August 27. Carried.

The Chinook Advance

Published by Mrs. M. C. Nicholson every Thursday afternoon from The Advance Building, Main Street, Chinook, Alberta, and entered in the postoffice as second class mail matter. All letters addressed to the editor or insertion in The Advance, must be signed to show bona fides of the writer. Publication in all cases is subject to the judgment of the Publisher. We do not necessarily coincide with views expressed.

The subscription rates to The Advance are \$1.50 per annum in Canada and \$2.00 outside of Canada. The transient advertising rates in The Advance are—display, 40c per inch for first week and 30c for each succeeding week, providing no change is made. For heavy composition an extra charge is made for first week. Reading notices, 10c per count line. Legal advertising, 15c per count line for first week and 10c for each succeeding week. Cards of thanks, \$1.00.

The Advance is a member of the Canadian Weekly Newspapers Association and the Alberta Weekly Newspapers Association, and observes the prices and conditions of these organizations.

Small Advertisements

Advertisements under this heading are charged at the rate of 50c for 25 words or less per week, with 10c for each additional 5 words. Three weeks for the price of two.

CHINOOK MARKET PRICES

WHEAT

1 Northern	35
2 Northern	33
3 Northern	31
No. 4	29
No. 5	28
No. 6	27
Feed	20

OATS

2 C. W.	16
3 C. W.	13
Feed	11

WANTED—The news from every part of the Chinook district. Send it in.



CROCUS LODGE, No. 115, A.F. & A.M. meets at 8 p.m. on Wednesday or after full moon. Visiting brethren warmly welcomed. W. S. LEE, W.M., J. W. LAWRENCE, Sec.

Motor Truck Delivery

Prompt Service, Prices Reasonable. M. L. CHAPMAN, Chinook

CHINOOK UNITED CHURCH

Sunday School every Sunday 11 a.m. Sunday, Aug. 21—S. v. 1:30 p.m. Pastor, J. D. Woollatt, B.A.

CHINOOK CATHOLIC Service every Sunday Every Month, Mass at 9 a.m.

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